FOREIGN NEWS BY TELEGRAPH OVER WIRES OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Times-Democrat.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT furnishes our readers LATEST NEWS BY WIRE DAILY.

VOL. XVII. NO. 132 LIMA, OHIO, MONDAY, MARCH 18 1901. PRICE THREE CENTS

LI HUNG

The Viceroy of the Chinese Empire, is a Physical Wreck.

Death May Occur Any Time.

The Great Diplomat is, However, Still as Bright as Ever, Mentally---American Troops Ordered to Leave China in April.

Pekin, March 18.—The health of Li Hung Chang is again a matter of grave consideration to the ministers of the powers. Mr. Rockhill, the American special commissioner, who visited Earl Li, says he is a physical wreck, and apparently in a state of utter collapse, although mentally as bright as ever. Mr. Rockhill wolud not be surprised to hear of his death at any moment. The removal of Li Hung Chang by death or any other cause at the present moment would be very unfortunate. M. DeGiers, Russian minister, said:

"Li Hung Chang is a great diplomat and his influence with the Chinese court is absolutely unique. No other man in China approaches him in this respect. This influence is not temporary, but it is particularly effective at important moments in the history of China like the present."

Senor De Cologan, Spanish minister and doyen of the diplomatic corps, said: "The Chinese court could not appoint a plenipotentiary of the same calibre and having equal influence with the Chinese and the foreigners. Although many of the ministers of the powers object to his political methods and regard him as essentially a trimmer, nevertheless they realize that he is the best possible man to represent China in the present emergency."

Orders have been received by United States troops to depart next month, leaving behind only 150 infantry. The German headquarters staff assert that these instructions are a "great mistake," alleging that it is necessary to retain a large body of foreign troops in the country for at least two years. Most of the ministers, however, take a different view of the matter, believing that the best course is to retain a few of the troops of each nation and to withdraw the rest.

A Big Bluff.

London, March 18.—The Tien Tsin correspondent of The Standard says: "The railway dispute here is another of the attempts of the Russian admiral, Alexieff, to create trauble, and unless he is relieved there will be constant friction which will eventually lead to hostilities. He loses no opportunity to thwart the English." Commenting upon its Tien Tsin advices, The Standard remands Russia that "the British fleet is as potent as ever and Japan is burning to second the efforts of any one ready to oppose the annexation of Manchuria," adding: "It is a painful task thus to be compelled even to hint at contingencies so vast and disturbing, but the perils of the moment are more likely to be overcome if it is thoroughly realized that we do not shrink from such action as would be best calculated to maintain our rights."

In the course of a later telegram Dr. Morrison says: "Chinese officials say they have been informed from St. Petersburg that Russia abandons her claims to exclusive rights in Mongolia and Turkestan, and consents to modify the stringency of her control of the civil administration of Manchuria, agreeing that the convention shall be published as soon as it is signed in St. Petersburg a fortnight hence. This is the first check inflicted upon Russian diplomacy in China since Lord Salisbury was cajoled into the withdrawal of the British troops from Port Arthur in 1898, and it can not fail profoundly to modify the situation by convincing the Chinese that there still exist international combinations capable of maintaining the equilibrium of the far east."

Anglo-Russian Railway Dispute.

Tien Tsin, March 18.—There is no change in the situation developed by the Anglo-Russian railway dispute here. The Russian and British forces are still represented by small detachments with officers, encamped on opposite sides of the railway siding. The utmost friendliness is exhibited toward each other by the opposing parties, but as a measure of precaution the guards have been reduced to 27 on each side in order to prevent any possible collision during the negotiations. A Russian general arrived from Peking Saturday. Owing to the persistent rowdyism of French soldiers in the British concession, the British authorities have been reluctantly compelled to forbid the French to enter the concession unless on duty. Major Hockler of the British forces was assaulted in the French concession.

The Russians continue to purchase land in the new concession.

A German reconnoitering party returned to Tien Tsin with 20 captured robbers.

Count Von Waldersee is expected to arrive here Tuesday from Kiao Chou.

DEPUTY SHERIFF

Kills Vance Howard, the Goebel Suspect, On a Passenger Train.

Middlesboro, Ky., March 18—Deputy Sheriff Frank McCoy, of Middlesboro, instantly killed Vance Howard, cousin of Berry Howard, the Goebel suspect between this city and Pineville last night. The men were on a passenger train and McCoy mistook Howard for a man for whom he had a warrant to arrest. Howard resisted and McCoy shot him. McCoy was jailed when the train reached Pineville. There is considerable excitement among straight creek miners and talk of lynching has been indulged in. Guard has been placed around the jail.

KILLED HIMSELF

To Ascertain Whether or Not His Mother is Dead.

Cleveland, O., March 18.—To solve the mystery of whether his mother was dead or not, Henry Oehlinger, of Lincoln avenue, killed himself by taking acid this morning. Fifteen years ago his mother disappeared and at times he brooded over it. "If mother is dead, I will meet her" he said. He was twenty-seven years old.

GLASS WORKER'S STRIKE.

Toledo, March 18.—Sixty-five members of the Flint glass worker's union employed in Macbeth Evanes factory, this city, went out on a strike this morning. They say the company compels the men to stand all the breakage. It is given out that the strike will spread to the factories of the company located at Pittsburg, Elwood and Marion, Ind.

EXPLOSION

Of Natural Gas Causes a Heavy Loss at Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Mar.18—An explosion at the National Carbon works this morning buried Victor Ernst and R. Nickey in the engine room and they had a narrow escape from being roasted alive. They were finally dug out and escaped but with slight injuries. The plant was practically destroyed by the explosion. Loss, $100,000.

PROUD ENGLAND

Must Bow Her Head in Humiliation Before Russia.

London, March 18.—The officials here expect no further trouble over the dispute between England and Russia in China. The Evening Star says: "We are powerless because of South Africa. We may bluster but we cannot fight."

"NATION FIRE"

Sweeps a Suburban Village, Leaving Families Homeless.

Kansas City, March 18.—In Armourdale, a suburb, a fire was started for the purpose of destroying Dayton's saloon, for the wrecking of which, two Carrie Nation reformers were fined, consumed that building at midnight and seven houses caug... from sparks, were totaly destroyed. At the same time fire was discovered in three other places in the town and Armourdale has been in a state of panic. The loss aggregates many thousands and leaves several families homeless.

JESUITS

And Radicals Clash in Portugal.

Wealthy Young Woman Persuaded to Don the Veil.

The Lisbon Police Seize a Manifesto in Which the Jesuits Declare They are Victims of Persecution.

Madrid, March 18.—Advices received here from Lisbon, dealing with the anti-Jesuit demonstrations in the Portuguese capital and in other parts of the country, say:

"The Jesuits here urged a very wealthy young lady named Braga to leave her home, and persuaded her to take the veil. Much excitement has been caused by a revelation of the facts of the case.

"King Charles consented to receive a delegation from Oporto, strongly urging the suppression of religious congregations in Portugal, and presenting a manifesto in favor of the establishment of a national church under papal authority, but with Portuguese priests.

"The Lisbon police have seized a manifesto in favor of the Jesuits and protesting against the demonstrations against them as 'persecution.' The radical papers continue to publish violent anti-Jesuit articles accusing the government of deliberately omitting to enforce the laws."

WOMEN

Hold Meeting and Pass Resolutions

Protesting Against the Licensing of Vice.

Autherities of New York Petitioned to Suppress Vice for the Sake of the Young People of the City.

New York, March 18.—In response to a summons from a committee of over 100 women, representing some 50 societies, a mass meeting was held in Carnegie hall which was called to order by Mrs. Ella A. Boole. Mrs. Charles R. Lowell presided, and the speakers were Mrs. Isabella C. Davis, Mrs. Catt, the Rev. R. H. Newton, J. S. Crosby and Jaoob Riis. A set of resolutions was adopted which protests against the "illegal licensing of vice by official blackmail; against the imposition of fines for the punishment of vicious conduct," and calling upon the authorities to suppress vice in the city for the sake of the young people who are growing up surrounded by it. The speeches were in accordance with the resolutions.

HANGED

By a Mob After Jury Had Failed to Agree.

The Victim Was Charged With a Brutal Assault Committed on a Young Girl.

Nashville, March 18. — At Tiptonville, in Lake county, a mob hanged Ike Fitzgerald to a tree near the courthouse. The negro was charged with assault on a white girl, Miss Mina Davenport, 19, and trial jury had just reported that they could not agree and had been discharged. A different verdict had been expected, and a mob seized the prisoner before the sheriff could hurry him from the courtroom and hanged him to the first tree. The crime for which Fitzgerald suffered was committed a few weks ago on the banks of Reel Foot lake, near Tiptonville. Miss Davenport, while passing a lonely spot, was assaulted by a negro who was mending fishing nets, and the pursuing posse arrested Fitzgerald as the guilty person.

FIRE

Does Big Damage in Pittsburg.

Fireman Killed

And Several Hurt by a Live Wire

Which Fell Across a Trolly Wire and Touched a Hose Nozzle.

The Flames Raged for Some Time Before an Alarm Was Turned in—The Loss is Estimated at $250,000.

Pittsburg, March 18.—During the progress of a fire at the corner of Duquesne Way and Fort street, one man lost his life and three others were badly hurt. The property loss will be fully $250,000, well insured.

Dead: William Miller, driver No. 3 hose company. Injured: George J. Snyder, hoseman, same company; Harry Griffith, ladderman, truck C; H. E. Sheckler, hoseman Company 30. All of the injured men are in the hospital in rather bad shape, but all will recover.

The fire broke out in the boiler room of the Hiram W. French company's hair felt factory, just opposite the exposition main building. Through some confusion no alarm was turned in for some time, and it was fully 20 minutes after the fire was discovered before the engines reached the scene. From the felt factory the flames jumped across the street, and in a very short time the exposition building was burning very fiercely. All the firemen could do here was to prevent the flames spreading. After hard work this was accomplished, and machinery hall, with its valuable contents, was saved. The main building was a complete wreck. Two lumber yards adjoining the felt factory soon succumbed. Gallagher & Banker lost 1,000,000 feet of lumber, and Henry Henk 350,000 feet of valuable hardwood. Three small dwellings near the lumber yards were destroyed, but so far as known all the inmates escaped.

William Miller and his fellow firemen were victims of a live wire. The intense heat melted the network of wires running in every direction and one of them in falling struck a trolley wire, the other end crossing the brass nozzle of the hose held by Miller and Snyder. Both men fell as though they had been shot. Schreckler and Griffith, in going to the rescue, were also caught, and both were badly burned. When the prostrate men were reached Miller was dead and two of the others unconscious.

The loss on the exposition building will reach $100,000; fully insured. President Torrance says the structure will be rebuilt at once and be ready for the fall engagements.

TERMS

For the Big Championship Race

Have Not Yet Been Fully Determined Upon.

John J. Seannell, Owner of the Abbott, Says Lawson is the Challenger and Should Net Dictate.

New York, March 18.—John J. Scannell, owner of The Abbott, has issued an answer to Thomas W. Lawson's proposition for a race between The Abbott and Boralma. Mr. Scannell says in part: "In reply to the challenge for a race between The Abbott and Boralma, I will accept the same if the owner of Boralma will eliminate the unheardof and unusual conditions; that the added money or gate receipts (which he says he will guarantee to reach $25,000) shall be given to Boston charity, designated solely by him whether or not his horse wins. I am a New Yorker, and shoiud I win and desire to give the money to charity, I certainly prefer to give it to New York or have some voice in its disposition. It is certainly not customary in making matches involving the championship for the challenger to dictate unreasonable terms or conditions."

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, March 18.—Cattle 21,000, steady; hogs 32,000, steady; sheep 20,000, steady.

BOSTON

Was Evacuated by the British 125 Years Ago Today.

Boston, Mar. 18.—The city is celebrating today the 125th anniversary of the Evacuation of Boston by the British under Lord Howe. The weather is fine and crowd throng the streets waiting for the parade. The Daughters of the Revolution unveiled the memorial tablet erected at the junction of Tremont and Hollis streets and during the forenoon, school children celebrated with appropriate exercises, it being a general holiday.

ROUGH

Voyage Experienced by Passengers

Who Were Aboard French Liner, L'Aquitaine.

Heavy Seas Carried Away an Aft Port Life Boat Smashed the Starboard Rail and Disabled an Engine.

New York, March 18.—The French line steamship L'Aquitaine arrived after having had a trying experience with wind and sea. L'Aquitaine left Havre March 9. On the 12th, while running in a fierce westerly gale and a high, confused sea, she was boarded by a wave which carried away an aft port lifeboat. The wave seemed to break on both sides of the vessel at the same time. A heavy mass of water fell on the smoking room from over the starboard rail. When the water receded it was found that 20 feet of the starboard rail had been smashed and carried off. At 6:30 p. m. on the next day, while the vessel was going on her course at good speed, the crown of the high-pressure piston broke. For 18 hours the vessel kept under way under her starboard engine, and then the necessary repairs were completed.

TERRIBLE

Terry, South Brooklyn Fighter,

Will Meet All Comers After He Fights Gardner.

Anxious to Take on Any of the Pretenders in Either the Lightweight or Feather-weight Classes.

New York, March 18.—Terry McGovern, featherweight champion pugilist, who is matched to fight Oscar Gardner before the Twentieth Century Athletic club at San Francisco on April 30, said that it is his intention to meet all comers as soon as he gets to the Pacific coast. He prefers Frank Erne of Buffalo or Tom Haggerty, the Australian champion, just as soon as possible after his bout with Gardner has been decided. He says he is willing to concede several pounds in weight in order to get on a match with any of the fighters who claim to be in the featherweight or lightweight championship classes.

MOTHER

And Five Children Burned to Death in Their Home.

Father Jumped From Second Story Window to Secure Assistance and Broke His Leg.

Campbelltown, N. B., March 18.—Mrs. John Gauthier and her five children were burned to death in their home at Little Cascade, Quebec, by an explosion of coal oil. Gauthier tried to remove the stove, but finding it impossible to do so on account of the oil being in flames, he jumped from an upper story window to get help and broke his leg. He then crawled to the next house, but everything was in flames before help could be had. His wife, who was sick in bed, and five children, were burned to death

DISHEARTENS THE INSURGENTS.

London, March 18.—The Filipino Junta at Hong Kong is reported as saying that the surrender of Lieutenant General Trias to the Americans is a bad blow to the cause of the insurgents, as he was a large contributor to the expense of carrying on war.

TRIBUTE

Of Respect Paid to the Dead Statesman a Universal One.

Last Rites Held Yesterday

And the Remains Consigned to a Final Resting Place in Crown Hill Cemetery---Many Thousands Attended the Solemn Burial Ceremonies.

Indianapolis, March 18.—In the center of a holow square, composed of fully 15,000 of his fellow citizens, the remains of Benjamin Harrison were interred in the family lot in Crown Hill cemetery. Close by the grave were the members of his family, President McKinley and other visitors of distinction and the more intimate friends of General Harrison. Back a distance of 50 yards behind ropes guarded zealously by a large force of police stod, with uncovered heads, the great multitude who knew him not so well as they who stood beside the freshly upturned earth, but who honored him fully as much. It is doubtful if any public man, at least in this generation, was borne to his last resting place among so many manifestations of respect. Of passionate grief there was little beyond the members of his family, but the tribute of respect was universal. It came from all alike, from those of his own political faith and from those who differed with him concerning what is best for the nation's good; from men who have been his lifelong friends, and from those who knew him merely by sight, and to whom he never spoke. It came from women and children, from white and black, from all conditions and kinds of people. There was no exception anywhere to the expression that the nation had lost one of its ablest men and the greatest man of his generation in his own state.

By the grave stood the chief magistrate of the nation, and behind the ropes were all the street arabs of General Harrison's city—every grade of human life in America between the two was represented in the crowd—and in them all there was but the one feeling—that a man had died who was honest at all times with himself and with others, and whose ability and character were such as the nation could ill afford to lose.

The weather was unsurpassable, bright sunlight, the warm breath of spring in every breeze, and yet in the air a touch of winter that brought the blood to the cheek and a sparkle to the eye.

The services at the church and grave were simple in the extreme, all in most excellent taste, and there was an utter absence of friction in everything that was done. All was well ordered and well performed.

THE OPERATORS

Refuse to Meet United Workers In Conference.

New York, March 18.—The President of the great anthracite coal mines and railways says today, that they will not meet the United Mine Workers in a joint conference. They will treat with their own employes, if they have grievances, just as they have always done.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, March 18.—For Ohio, occasional rain today; rain tonight; rain Tuesday and warm.

AN ADA MAN

Robbed of $700 and Beaten by Highwaymen at Rawson.

Rawson, O., March 18.—Saturday night, David Wilson, a stock buyer, of Ada, was attacked by highwaymen and beaten to insensibility and was robbed of $700. There is no clue as to the identity of the robbers. Wilson is in a precarious condition.

Presidents May Meet.

City of Mexico, March 18.—The Mexican consul at El Paso, Tex., Mr. Mallon, has returned from a three days' visit at Cuernavaca, where he had an interview with President Diaz. He says the president is in excellent health. There continues to be much talk here about President Diaz going to El Paso in order to meet President McKinley when the latter makes his trip to the Pacific coast, but there seems to be some doubt as to which government should take the initiative. Each president has a high regard for the other, and a meeting between them would be the first event of the kind.

Won't Do Any Good.

Berlin, March 18.—The North German Lloyd line has reduced the freight charge on wire nails to China, Japan and the Straits Settlements 2½ marks per ton, but the Cologne Volks Zeitung regards the reduction as insignificant, considering the enormous difference in price between the American and German product.

Valuable Gift.

London, March 18.—Mr. George Cadbury, the chocolate manufacturer, has presented to the city of Birmingham an estate of 416 acres, valued at £180,000, upon which to build houses for the working classes.

Laborers to Be Discharged.

Berlin, March 18.—The Lokal Anzeiger asserts that it has special information that many large companies in west Germany will soon discharge many laborers, being compelled to take this course by the increased cost of production, due to the high price of coal. According to the same authority the Stumm iron works have added from 2,000,000 to 4,000,000 marks' worth of iron to their stock in order to avoid discharging operatives. The Stahl Und Isen, the leading iron organ, says: "The United States Steel corporation can undoubtedly contribute to intensify in a dangerous manner the alarm of the continent over the American market."

Inspection Law Criticised.

Washington, March 18. — The German inspection law, absolutely prohibiting the importation of American corned beef, sausages, etc., which went into effect some time ago, according to a report received at the state department from United States Consul Diedrich at Bremen, has been severely criticised in Germany. The meat inspection law has put prices up, and especially among the laboring classes is the loss of American corned beef at a low figure strongly felt.

Banker Charged With Murder.

London, March 18. — A prominent banker of Vienna, Albert Vogl, was arrested Saturday at the office of the Gale Manufacturing company, American machine makers, whose representative he was, on charge of murdering by poison an aged client named Taubin, whose body he had cremated, after inducing him to make a will whereby Vogl obtained $42,000.

Women Nominated.

Denver, March 18. — The Prohibitionists have nominated a ticket composed entirely of women for the city offices to be filled at the election on April next. Their candidate for mayor is Mrs. A. A. Hawley, president of the state Women's Christian Temperance union.

Accident Not Reported.

New York, March 18.—The American line steamship New York, which left Southampton and Cherbourg on March 9, arrived in quarantine, and although the officers reported no accident, it was learned from a passenger that there had been an accident on board in which 33 persons were scalded, one dying, as a result of his injuries.

Blessed the Statue.

New York, March 18.—Previous to celebrating a pontifical mass in St. Patrick's cathedral in honor of the patron saint Archbishop Corrigan formally blessed the handsome new statue of St. Patrick recently presented to the cathedral by John D. Manning of this city. The ceremony was witnessed by an enormous congregation.

Russia's Threat.

St. Petersburg, March 18.—The official organ of the Russian ministry of finance threatens that Russia will make strict reprisals in case of any raising of duties by Germany on Russian products.

Remembered in a Will.

Lexington, Ky., March 18. — President James K. Patterson of Kentucky State college has announced that in his will he has set aside $50,000 for a college library, a memorial to his deceased son.

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NewspaperARCHIVE®

Blood Humors

It doesn't make any difference whether you believe in the modern theory and speak of the causes of diseases as referable to germs, microbes or bacilli, or whether you use the older and better understood terms of "humors" and "blood diseases"—Hood's Sarsaparilla cures them all.

It cures scrofula, salt rheum or eczema, catarrh, rheumatism, malaria and all other blood poisons; nervous troubles, debility and that tired feeling.

This is not merely modern theory; it is solid up-to-date fact.

"Salt rheum on my hands so severe I had to wear gloves most of the time, and could not shut my thumb and finger together, was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. A. O. SPAULDING, North Searsport, Me.

"My three months old boy was cured of a very bad case of scrofula by Hood's Sarsaparilla." WM. H. GARNER, West Earl, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's—be sure to get Hood's.

REDUCED RATES

Northwest, West, South and Southeast, via Pennsylvania Lines.

The sale of special fare colonists tickets to California, and settlers' tickets to the Northwest, West, South and Southeast has been resumed via Pennsylvania Lines. Particular information about fares, through time and other details will be furnished upon application. Please call on or address F. M. EAKIN, Ticket Ag't.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, callous and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

$35.75 TO CALIFORNIA.

The Chicago & Erie railroad will sell cheap one way tickets to California on Tuesdays of each week up to and including April 30. See agent F. C. McCoy. sat&wed tf

Washington, D. C.

Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:

Gentlemen—Our family realize so much from the use of GRAIN-O that I feel I must say a word to induce others to use it. If people are interested in their health and the welfare of their children they will use no other beverage. I have used them all, but GRAIN-O I have found superior to any, for the reason that it is solid grain.

Yours for health. C. F. MYERS.

One Way of Measuring Distance.

A friend tells this one: "Seeing your article about queer calculations of distances in China. Well, you need not go to China to find queer descriptions how far it is from one place to another. On a visit to Rotterdam, Holland, I asked a workingman on the wharf, with my eyes on the distant chimneys of the large distilleries of Schiedam (the manufacturing place of the world-known Holland gin), 'How far is it from here to Schiedam?' 'About two pipes of tobacco,' came the prompt but, for me, mysterious answer. I found afterward that it meant as long as it took to smoke two of the small clay pipes filled with the villainous, strong Sumatra tobacco the workingmen in Holland generally smoke—about fifteen minutes to the pipe, or a half hour's walk from Rotterdam to Schiedam."—Baltimore Sun.

Exposure to a sudden climate change produces cold in the head and catarrh is sure to follow. Provided with Ely's Cream Balm you are armed against Nasal Catarrh. Price 50 cents at druggists, or Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York, will mail it. The Balm cures without pain, does not irritate or cause sneezing. It spreads itself over an irritated and angry surface, relieving immediately the painful inflamation, cleanses and cures. Cream Balm quickly cures the cold.

Demolishing Unsanitary Houses.

At various times the municipal corporation of Liverpool has obtained powers from parliament to borrow sums amounting to $2,000,000 for the demolition and improvement of property found to be unsanitary. This large amount has already been expended with the exception of about $35,000. The number of houses which have already been demolished by the municipal council as unfit for habitation is 6,500. Liverpool has now in course of erection 183 houses for the poor. There is now on application before the Liverpool local government board for permission to borrow $367,500 to build 208 such houses.

Cures the cough,
Soothes and heals the
inflamed membranes—

DR. JAMES'
CHERRY TAR SYRUP.

Easy to take—prompt in results.

At Drug Stores.
25 Cents a Bottle.

AGE PENSION IN GERMANY.

Idea of the Iron Chancellor Now Embodied in Law.

Bismarck, who thought to do something in the name of humanity before he died, declared in the preamble of his scheme for an old-age insurance in Germany that every man who had served the state faithfully throughout his life and fallen a victim to honest poverty in old age might claim support from the state, not as charity, but as a right. This idea has stamped itself upon the law of the land in Germany already. Ambassador White has recently published the more important provisions of the German law for the use of American students of sociology, as it relates to what is known as the "disability and old-age insurance law" which has been passed by the German parliament. In the German scheme, which has been organized with the greatest care and carefully fortified by statute law, every wage-earner who has completed his 16th year is enrolled under a compulsory pension law which insures against disability in old age and relieves every wage-earner of the dread of being a "pauper," while sparing him the exhibition of foolish pride which is so often seen in the United States. Under this law the laborer has earned the right to support in old age, no matter how mercilessly the slings and arrows of outrageous fortune may assail him.

The details of the organization of German laborers under the disability and old-age pension law will be found chiefly interesting to students of sociology. It includes all classes—servants, teachers, clerks, secretaries, waiting-ladies, companions and persons employed in offices and business establishments of all descriptions. All the employments are classified and graded, and the scale of assessments is fixed according to wages and salaries, with every possible provision to make the law work smoothly and equitably. Every member may pay his assessment in stamps provided by the government, which are furnished by the chiefs of police. The whole system is very ingeniously contrived, and of course being under the patronage of the government the scheme is little likely to fail of fulfilling its promises.

DANISH WEST INDIES.

Their Position Gives Them Value for Uses of Navy.

Three small dots on a map of the West Indies, two of them directly east of Porto Rico, the third and largest southeast of the island, represent the Danish West Indies. It is not an imposing group. Altogether the three islands have barely one-tenth the area of the state of Rhode Island. Their combined population is but a little more than thirty thousand, mostly negroes. Frequent earthquakes shake them, and hurricanes sweep over them. Sugar, rum and tobacco are the chief products; but there is so little prosperity among the people that it costs Denmark to take care of them more than she gets back in revenue. Small and unimportant as these little islands of St. Thomas and St. Croix are, the United States came near buying them from Denmark more than thirty years ago, and recently has made a new offer for them. It is not the size of the islands nor their fertility which gives value, but their position. St. Thomas lies less than forty miles from the eastern coast of Porto Rico. It has an excellent harbor, which would be useful as a coaling and naval station. When the canal is cut across the isthmus, the possession of these islands by the United States will be more important than at present. The inconvenience of having them in the hands of some rival and possibly hostile power would be very great. These, presumably, are the considerations which have led to a renewal of the negotiations for the purchase of the group. Both houses of congress must act before the arrangement can be completed, so that the policy will be adopted, if at all, only after a full discussion of its advantages and disadvantages.—Youth's Companion.

CRABS PRISONERS IN KETTLE.

A fisherman named William Bourn, while fishing off Folkestone, England, in September last, hooked a kettle containing two crabs, which had evidently crawled into it when young and grown too large to make their exit, and could only be released by making the opening of the kettle larger.

Canary Birds Overwhelm Ship.

The schooner J. M. Weatherwax, which arrived at Port Townsend from Honolulu recently, had an unusual experience a few days before reaching port. When 160 miles off Cape Flattery the schooner ran into an immense flock of birds, thousands of which settled in the rigging and other parts of the vessel. The sailors furnished the feathered visitors with food and drink, and hundreds, if not thousands, of the birds remained on board till the schooner reached port.

Poison Oak and Poison Ivy

are among the best known of the many dangerous wild plants and shrubs. To touch or handle them quickly produces swelling and inflammation with intense itching and burning of the skin. The eruption soon disappears, the sufferer hopes forever; but almost as soon as the little blisters and pustules appeared the poison had reached the blood, and will break out at regular intervals and each time in a more aggravated form. This poison will loiter in the system for years, and every atom of it must be forced out of the blood before you can expect a perfect, permanent cure.

SSS Nature's Antidote FOR Nature's Poisons,

is the only cure for Poison Oak, Poison Ivy, and all noxious plants. It is composed exclusively of roots and herbs. Now is the time to get the poison out of your system, as delay makes your condition worse. Don't experiment longer with salves, washes and soaps—they never cure.

Mr. S. M. Marshall, bookkeeper of the Atlanta (Ga.) Gas Light Co., was poisoned with Poison Oak. He took Sulphur, Arsenic and various other drugs, and applied externally numerous lotions and salves with no benefit. At times the swelling and inflammation was so severe he was almost blind. For eight years the poison would break out every season. His condition was much improved after taking one bottle of S. S. S., and a few bottles cleared his blood of the poison, and all evidences of the disease disappeared.

People are often poisoned without knowing when or how. Explain your case fully to our physicians, and they will cheerfully give such information and advice as you require, without charge, and we will send at the same time an interesting book on Blood and Skin Diseases.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

KISSED ONLY ONE GIRL.

Predicament the Popular Young Man Got Himself Into.

An amusing incident occurred at a social gathering in a private residence in Niles recently, which afforded an excellent illustration of the popularity of a handsome, black-eyed young man, who is employed in a local business house, and the local rivalry existing between two young ladies to gain favor in the eyes of the young man in question, says the Detroit News. Everyone was having a glorious time when a dispute arose between two pretty misses over a kiss which had been given to one of the young ladies by the black-eyed young man. How the kiss came to be administered is not stated, so it is not known whether it was stolen. At any rate the rival miss became enraged in an instant and demanded retribution from the favored young lady. What could the poor boy do? Well, he did about the same as any ordinary young man would do under the circumstances. Of course, the entire party had become interested and was watching the outcome of the dispute. The young man had one thought running through his brain, and that was how he was going to console the injured feelings of the young lady. Acting on a sudden impulse, the young man walked forward and placed a sweet imprint on the lips of the slighted miss, much to the surprise of the guests. It is said to have had the desired effect. The party resumed its usual festivities. Several of the ladies, it is asserted, went into a discussion as to whether or not kissing is sinful, while others were making "goo-goo" eyes at the young man, and evidently thinking how grand it was to be popular.

WORKING 24 HOURS A DAY.

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Billiousness, Fever and Ague. They banish Sick Headache, drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken. Small, taste nice, work wonders. Try them. 25 cents at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North streets.

Commercial Spider.

London has a dealer in spiders. He sells these insects by the hundred to wine merchants, who stock their cellars with new freshly labeled wine, sprinkle dust upon the bins, and admit the spiders, who weave their webs from cork to cork. The cobwebs naturally lead the customer to believe that the wine has been stored for years, and higher prices are therefore obtained. These weavers are collected from many parts of the world. Some of the large ones of the garden variety are greatly prized, as they weave a particularly strong, thick web. When received these spiders are placed in a large cage of very fine wire netting and are fed daily on small insects.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Question of Killing the Devil.

A doctor in Coleraine, Ireland, was sued for damages for the death of a valuable horse he had treated. It was shown that he had administered to the animal twelve grains of some powerful drug, and the plaintiff insisted that the medicine had caused death. The doctor declared that he had frequently given eight grains to a man, and that four grains more were not too much for a horse. The judge asked, "Wouldn't twelve grains kill the devil himself if he swallowed them?" "I don't know, my lord," replied the doctor; "I never had him for a patient." "That's evidently true, doctor," responded the judge, "for the owld boy is still alive."

Feeding Moldy Corn.

The annual loss of live stock from cerebro-spinal meningitis is quite considerable. Various causes for the spread of this disease have been suggested. One of those popularly believed in is the eating of moldy corn. During the fall and winter of 1898-99 there was a large loss of cattle in Indiana which was attributed to this cause. A wet fall was responsible for large quantities of moldy corn. The popular belief was that the organism causing the fermentation in the corn produced disease in the live stock. The Indiana station studied the epidemic and its relation to its alleged cause. The disease was found to be cerebro-spinal meningitis. An examination of a large number of specimens of moldy corn from different localities showed that one bacteria and two molds were common to all samples. Other micro-organisms were found, but varied in the different samples.

Tests of the poisonous properties of the moldy corn were made with two horses. After a preliminary feeding period five cubic centimeters (about one-sixth ounce) of an active growth in bouillon of the bacterium found in moldy corn was injected under the skin. After an interval of six hours this was followed by an injection of 10 cubic centimeters. No appreciable effect was observed; not even so much as an abscess occurred. Five days later a similar test was made with a culture of one of the molds isolated from the spoiled corn, and after a like interval a similar test with a culture of the other mold. In neither case was any abnormal symptom observed.

Each of the three micro-organisms was then grown in corn meal previously sterilized. In various ways the horses were induced to eat as much as 5 pounds per head daily of the infected meal, each micro-organism being tested for a period of five days. The effect of the meal inoculated with the bacterium and one of the molds was negative. The meal inoculated with the other mold—a fusarium—produced redness of the gums and some salivation.

The horses were then fed all the spoiled corn they would eat. On the first three days they ate it readily, and after that it was with difficulty that they could be induced to eat any.

On the fifth day one of the horses had slight salivation, occasional colicy pains, and diarrhoea. On the seventh day there was some incoordination of movement and stupor. For two days the animal would stand part of the time with the head pressed against the wall, and then quick recovery followed. The second horse showed some irritation of the mucous membranes of the mouth, but never developed any nervous symptoms. The horse was killed, but a post-mortem examination failed to show any lesions. The two horses ate together about four bushels of spoiled corn, most of it being consumed during the first week. After the first week the corn had to be mixed with other feed in every conceivable manner in order to induce the horses to eat any of it.

In none of the tests was cerebro-spinal meningitis induced by the moldy grain. The deduction drawn by the station from the investigations follow:

The results of the experiment show that inoculations with cultures of the bacteria and molds were ineffective. Eating of the mashes containing pure cultures showed that only in the case of a growth of a species of fusarium did any intestinal disturbance follow, and that in one case the feeding of the rotted grain produced considerable intestinal disturbance and some nervous symptoms, but that the disturbance was light in the other.

It appears, therefore, that while many of the cases of sickness in stock attributed to eating moldy corn are due to other causes, the continued use of such food may result in intestinal and nervous disorders of a serious nature.—C. F. Langworthy.

Laxative Foods for Horses.

In the feeding of horses the owner must take into serious consideration the kind and amount of work to be done in making up a ration that will prove at once economical and nutritious. He can afford to feed in one way when the horse is idle or doing but light work but this feeding would be wrong and wasteful of animal tissues if the animal were at hard labor. The food at all times must supply a sufficient amount of material to maintain the horse without loss of weight. This is the food of maintenance. The latter food is sufficient if the animal be doing nothing but must be augmented whenever the animal is to perform labor or produce a healthy foetus. Where work is expected every day the bowels must be so regulated that nothing of value is lost. When the animal is idle work does not remove any surplus nutrients of the food not required for repair of tissue or actual maintenance. If the bowels in the latter condition should become constipated and the surplus matters be not removed through the kidneys and sweat pores the liver and kidneys become surcharged and the blood sluggish and impure. These facts show the importance of a right use of succulent food for horses. While the horse is working hard the succulent food is a positive injury in that it tends to remove undigested, as a result of laxity of the bowels, food nutrients that are daily required for formation of muscle supply or vim and vigor and in other words repair of tissue waste. Where on the other hand the horse is idle the succulent food may be and usually is required to overcome the tendency to constipation and its accompanying train of evils. In the former case the feeding of bran daily would be detrimental in the latter case it would be useful and profitable. The hard working horse keeps its bowels in condition by exercise and utilizes all of the food nutrients supplied him so long as his digestive organs are kept in good condition. If he be fed bran daily he will continually suffer from what may be called subacute indigestion and fail to derive the proper amount of nourishment from the sound oats given him in addition to the bran. When Sunday arrives, however his wonted exercise is stopped and he is unable to throw off the surplus food nutrients not needed by work. If he has been daily fed bran he will now be liable to suffer from acute indigestion if given a bran mash. This being the case the feeding of a bran mash to a horse that has been taking dry bran throughout the week is a dangerous practice. Where the hard working horse not fed upon bran but getting large quantities of oats during the week is given a bran mash on Saturday night the effect will be good and the practice is to be commended. Occasional bran mashes are also excellent for idle horses when fed upon corn, and a small quantity of bran will make the crushed oats fed to colts more effective. We say these things for the reason that bran causes opening of the bowels by irritating the bowels. It does not give a great amount of nutrients although its analyses would lead one to suppose that it was even more nutritious than oats. It is indigestible and passes through the bowels in many cases wholly undigested. It acts as a laxative for the reason that it is a foreign body and is thrown off as useless by the irritated intestines. For this reason it is an excellent preparation for a physic ball as when fed in the shape of a bran mash without any other food for two or three feeds the bowels are opened up somewhat and rendered fit for the purgative effects of an aloes ball. Carrots act in a somewhat different manner. They do not prove laxative on account of any irritating effect but on account of real succulence and have the special power of acting nicely upon the pores of the skin. They may be fed to a horse in poor condition when bran would only aggravate the impoverishment. Roots are relished by horses and digestible but bran must be fed with caution.

Coachers of High Quality in Demand.

There is said to be at the present time a very good demand for high-priced coachers both for home and foreign markets. In fact this demand has been quite brisk for a year past. There are a large number of good-sized cities in the United States and in each city are people that can afford to have a team of high quality coachers. This makes the volume of home demand considerable. There is an especially strong demand for well-matched teams, and men that have such to sell can get a good deal more than the going market price for them. Not being able to get this the buyers will take the cross-matched teams at a pretty fair price, if the quality be good. Here comes in the value of color. It shows that a prepotent stallion in a locality is of even greater value than ordinarily if he can throw the same color in his colts. This fact should discourage hap-hazard breeding.

Live Stock Items.

Consignments to the sheep pens at the Chicago stock yards last Saturday included a band of 504 seventy-pound Angora goats that sold for $3.30 per hundred.

The demand for sheep in the Chicago live stock market is well sustained, especially for choice mutton sheep suitable for the export trade. There is also a call for lambs but at prices $1.00 to $1.25 lower than last year at this season.

The volume of hog receipts at Chicago keeps up, 170,400 being the total recorded for the week that ended January 26th. Prices averaged about the same as for the week previous, being about 50 cents higher than the average last year at this time.

The Punjab government's scheme for the improvement of the breed of donkeys in the Punjab has been accepted by the government of India, and the purchase, during the current official year, is sanctioned of fifty donkey sires.

Lambs are selling fairly well at Chicago. The closing prices for the week ending January 19 were 10 cents higher than the previous week. Prime native lambs and lots from the alfalfa sections of Colorado brought $5.60. This, however, is 65 cents below last year's best price at this period. Feeding lambs are not going off very rapidly, at prices ranging from $4.00 to $4.50. It is interesting to note that Colorado's first shipment of lambs arrived this year three weeks earlier in the season than last year. The crop from that state is said to be of a quality that has never been excelled.

Otto Franc, a prominent cattleman of Meeteetse, Wyo., is quoted by the Omaha Journal as saying: "Ours used to be a great cattle country, but it is mostly sheep now, and they are driving out the cattle. On my range there used to be 20,000 head of cattle, but I can only keep now 1500 breeding cows and ship the increase when they are yearlings. We cattlemen have got into the habit of raising alfalfa and timothy hay and feeding our stock through the winter, allowing the sheepmen to have the winter range. There are now probably a million sheep on the range which my neighbors and myself formerly used for 40,000 cattle. As we have less cattle we are breeding them up rapidly and improving the quality."

FOR COFFEE DRINKERS.

Facts About the Beverage That Are Not Generally Known.

The inhabitants of the United States consume annually, statistics show, 750,000,000 pounds of coffee, and as there are about 75,000,000 inhabitants each of them has to his credit ten pounds in the course of the year. Notwithstanding this a wave of fear sweeps over the country every little while and the coffee drinkers lift up their voices and say: "Are we not harming our health with drinking so much coffee?" The subject has lately been discussed by a number of medical societies. Physicians are pretty generally agreed that the moderate consumption of coffee is not injurious and "moderate consumption" they decline as one cup at breakfast, one at noon and one in the evening. Coffee taken plain, without either cream or sugar, they say, is less harmful than the sweetened cafe-au-lait or milk coffee, which, fermenting, is bad for the digestive organs. Smokers are better off with coffee than without it, as tobacco, being a narcotic, weakens the heart's action, while coffee, a stimulant, strengthens it, so that the heart of the smoking coffee drinker does not vary, as a rule, from the heart of him who has neither the one habit nor the other. The smoker who does not drink coffee has usually a weak heart. The disciples of the no breakfast faith say that one cup of coffee between two cups of hot water in the morning is better for the health than all the breakfast cereals or health foods advertised.—Ex.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Sprouting Potatoes Are Poisonous.

Potatoes contain the poisonous alkaloid solanine, although this is not generally recognized. New potatoes contain comparatively little of this poison, unless they grow above the surface of the ground and have a green skin, when they are generally known to be poisonous. It is not, however, known widely that old potatoes contain much of this poisonous principle and that many cases of serious poisoning have occurred in late summer when old potatoes were used. In 1892 and 1893 there was almost a wholesale poisoning among the troops of the German army. The symptoms were headache in the front of the head, colic, diarrhoea, vomiting, weakness and slight stupor and in some cases dilatation of the pupils. Dr. Meyer investigated the matter and found in old potatoes kept in a damp place and beginning to sprout twenty-four times as much solanine as in new potatoes.

AN HONEST MEDICINE FOR LA GRIPPE.

George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North sts.

A Great Traveler Is Blood.

The mileage of the blood circulation reveals some astonishing facts in our personal history. Thus it has been calculated that, assuming the heart to beat sixty-nine times a minute at ordinary heart pressure, the blood goes at the rate of 207 yards in the minute, or seven miles per hour, 168 miles per day, and 61,320 miles per year. If a man eighty-four years of age could have one single blood corpuscle floating in his blood all his life, it would have traveled in that same time 5,159,880 miles.—London Daily Mail.

A GOOD COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN.

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says F. P. Moran, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Largest Photographic Plates.

A camera that has a special train to carry it is used to take views along the Chicago & Alton railroad, and makes the largest photographic plate in the world—eight feet long and four and one-half feet wide. The instrument is carried from place to place on a flat car attached to a locomotive, and requires a force of men to adjust it and place it on its supports when "it goes into action." The camera resembles an ordinary plate camera in shape, and the bellows attachment, but everything about it is constructed on a mammoth scale. The bellows and lens travel on a track which is twenty feet long, consequently the camera can be stretched this distance when the bellows is fully extended.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Persons subject to Dyspepsia, Insomnia or Nervousness Should keep the Bitters on hand as it gives relief in short order. It also strengthens weak Indigestion, overcome Flatulency or sour Stomach and prevents Malaria Fever and Ague.

SLEEP IN CIGARETTE.

Lethean Compound Used by an Expert Spanish Thief.

Prof. De Gubernatis, the well-known Italian orientalist, has been the victim of a crime often read of in fabled tales, but seldom experienced in real life. The other day he was traveling in a first-class carriage in which there was one other individual. He went to sleep and on arriving at Parma found himself without his purse containing 1,400 francs. He immediately complained to the station authorities and not long after a certain Spaniard, Alfreddo Garcia of Barcelona, who described himself as a silk merchant, was arrested. In spite of his protestations of innocence his baggage was examined and was found to contain, besides a knife, money and scissors used by thieves for cutting out pockets, a case with some cigarettes. This last object in the possession of a Spaniard is not a suspicious circumstance, but one of the police thought he would try them, and to his astonishment the room full of people were soon all soundly and peacefully sleeping. An examination proved that the cigarettes contained a substance, the smoke of which acts as a narcotic, while the smoker experiences no inconvenience after having become accustomed to it. The arrest of the professor's traveling companion was soon effected, but Prof. De Gubernatis has not recovered a penny of his lost money.—Chicago News.

Robert R. Watts, of Salem, Mo., writes: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years and have doctored with all the leading physicians and have tried all remedies suggested without any relief. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and less than two bottles completely cured me and I am sound and well."

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Plan for Olympian Games.

Business men and members of the faculty of the University of Chicago who attended a dinner at the Chicago club recently, strongly urged the effort to secure the Olympian games for Chicago in 1904, and appointed a committee to prepare a careful prospectus. The committee is composed of Henry J. Furber, chairman; Volney W. Foster, Prof. George E. Vincent, A. A. Stagg and John Barton Payne. The question of expense was discussed and the location of a stadium seemed to be the only apparent drawback. The lake front was suggested as a good site and the committee instructed to see if ground could be secured there. Other cities are bidding for the games both in the United States and abroad, but Chicago is said to be most favored.

AFTER LaGRIPPE—WHAT?

Usually a racking cough and a general feeling of weakness. Foley's Honey and Tar is guaranteed to cure the "grip cough" and make you strong and well. Take no substitute.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Anti-Vice Crusade in Japan.

Through missionary influences in Japan new police regulations now make it possible for inmates of houses of legalized vice, hitherto hopeless slaves, to leave at their option. Christian reformers have freed at least 40 such unfortunates during the past two months.

FOR A CHILD

who is "not doing well"—the condition occurs now and then with all children.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil is a food that begins to build you up at once—of course, it don't show at once.

"Not doing well" means that the child is not getting the good of his food. Not today, or this week; it may have been going on for a month; before it begins to show in the child's condition.

You want him to get back to turning his usual food into strength.

You want the food that begins to build, up at once.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Weak Kidneys

ARE PARTICULARLY DANGEROUS TO MOTHERS OR FATHERS.—CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN BEFORE THE DISEASE BECOMES SERIOUS.—WEAK KIDNEYS ENDANGER THE FAMILY.

CURE THEM AT ONCE

Women, especially mothers, are very apt to develop Kidney trouble, thereby ting a very dangerous condition, and one that should be avoided. They not y endanger their own life, but that of their children. Lives can be saved by a e care and caution. Thinking women will realize the force of our statement. Men, the supporters of the home—the fathers—should be warned by any mptoms evidencing Kidney trouble. It is an insidious disease and should be dicated on first appearance.

Have you ever thought how necessary it is that your children should not erit Kidney Disease?

One of the first symptoms of Kidney trouble is a slight pain in the small of back; also a frequent desire to urinate, especially at night. A simple test of r urine will show if you have other bad symptoms, viz.: Place some urine in lass tumbler and allow it to stand twenty-four hours, if there is disease, you discover a sediment, or a milky, cloudy appearance, or particles afloat. If have any of these symptoms it shows disease and demands treatment at once. owing the cause of the disease, we have prepared a remedy which goes to the t of it, removes the cause and stops any further trouble. Kidney Disease st not be trifled with, but can be cured if taken in time by using

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

One bottle will show marked improvement, and whether it hits your case; ntinued use will positively cure. If it does not help you at once, or if you are rried, write us and we will give you special *Medical Advice* without charge.

Favorite Remedy has been curing Kidney trouble for over thirty years. It s cured many cases given up by doctors. It has a record worthy of the closest estigation. We solicit your scrutiny and to prove its merit to reach *your* case

you wish to try before you buy we will send you a Free Sample Bottle.

All you need do is to send us your address.

Regular size Favorite Remedy is sold by all druggists, or we will send it $1.00, express prepaid.

DOCTOR DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y.

Good Groceries.

A great many of the food products sold now-a-days low prices are hardly worth carrying home. No one ows this better than the housekeeper, who prepares em for the table. We sell groceries to eat and at much wer prices than the same quality can be bought for elsewhere. Look at our window display of Navel Oranges.

AMES S. SMITH, GROCER. Both 'Phones 127.

PRICES THAT TALK.

e following SPECIAL OFFERS are made to more thoroughly introduce our office and methods to the public, and will stand good for month of March:

TIFICIAL TEETH $5, $8 and $10, and we guarantee them to fit and to be durable.

LD CROWNS, 22 K fine, $5.00.

IDGE WORK, per tooth $4.00.

TALIZED AIR OR SPECIAL LOCAL INJECTION for painless extraction.

are here to stay, so take advantage of these offers and become acquainted with the best equipped dental office in Lima.

LUSH & BANNISTER,

HOURS. m. 5:30 p. m. Evenings 7 to 8. days 9 to 12.

DENTISTS. Rooms 5, 6 and 7, Opera House Block.

WHEN INSURED IN THE

"NORTHWESTERN"

YOU CAN REST ASSURED THAT YOU ARE INSURED.

O'CONNER BROS.

GENERAL AGENTS O'Conner Block, Lima O.

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MONEY TO LOAN.

T 4½ TO 5% FROM ONE TO TEN ARS, in sums of $300 and upward on RM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPER. Privilege of paying $100, or any multiple thereof, at any interest day. LOANS DE AT ONCE.

HE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

oms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Block, Lima.

Henderson & Rogers, Attorneys.

Coal and Feed

HARRY RUMPLE.

ll line always in stock. Good goods, good equipment and good treatment.

Steam Coal a specialty.

and 114 north Elizabeth street. Both 'Phones

DR. W. N. BOYER,

hysician and Surgeon.

pecial attention given to RECTAL DISEASES and DISEASES OF WOMEN

ROOMS—29-30, Opera House Block. to Elevator. Bell 'Phone 332.

1-Tue Thu Sat 3-m.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Our piano tuner, Mr. C. F. Woolery, has been employed by us for a period of more than nine years, so that we feel safe in recommending him as a competent workman. Orders left at Beeler & Van Gunten's Music Store, 23 Public Square, will receive prompt attention.

LOOK AT THIS!

BANEY & SHEPHERD

THE BARBERS,

In the Metropolitan block basement will give you a hair cut or shave that is smooth as a ribbon.

LADIES DESIRING

Shampoo or Massage Treatments

At their homes, will receive prompt attention by addressing Miss M. E. Davis, 323 west High street. Shampoo 35c, shampoo with massage treatments for the hair 50c; charges being less for a course of treatment. Also toilette articles prepared and sold by M. E. Davis.

Dr. Artemas Blake Gray,

DENTIST.

211 Masonic Building.

LIMA, - - - OHIO.

Lima Telephone No. 509.

Foley's Kidne

makes kidneys and

STEAMSHIP NEW YORK

Met With Two Accidents Which Caused Loss of Life.

New York, March 18.—The steamship New York reached her dock at 10 o'clock at night after a passage in which an explosion of an ammonia tank and a broken shaft caused loss of life and much damage to the vessel. As a result of the explosion 15 men were overcome by the fumes of ammonia on Thursday morning last and so seriously prostrated that two deaths followed. Both victims were buried at sea. Several others were confined to the ship's hospital for some time, and one was still in the hospital when the ship docked. The dead are: John Kent, a steward of the vessel, who died of pneumonia 36 hours after the accident, the disease being due to inflammation of the respiratory organs, caused by the ammonia: Carl Enkvist, an American citizen, a steerage passenger, whose address was unobtainable. On board with Enkvist were his three children, all of whom are young and who will go to the home of an aunt. F. Colston, a cabin steward, is still suffering from inflammation of the lungs.

Lawson's Reply.

Boston, March 18.—Mr. Thomas W. Lawson, when informed of Mr. Scanneli's reply, said: "I will never race Boralma under such conditions. That's getting down to hippodroming. I offered him a race for $25,000, which I think is the largest purse ever raced for, and that, too, when my horse is at least four seconds slower than his. I intend that if I put up $25,000 the public shall benefit in the same way by the race, and I would not consent to the winner getting more than the stake. I should insist upon whatever is offered by the track going to some one other than the owners of the horses, and I think charity is the best place to have it go."

Calls For an Apology.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, March 18.—News has reached here that the United States consular agent at Barcelona, Venezuela, Mr. Ignacio H. Baize, has been arrested by Venezuelan officials and imprisoned without adequate cause. This is the second time he has been treated in this fashion within the last five months, and he will resign unless protected by the Washington government. It appears that several sums of money have been forced from him by the Venezuelan officials under threat of imprisonment. The protests of Mr. Baiz to Washington seem to have met with no response so far.

Bodies Found.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 18.—Search of the ruins of the Noyes-Norman factory fire resulted in the finding of but two bodies that have been identified. They are Miss Nora Bates and Louise Blondeau. A portion of another body, believed to be that of a woman, was found, but there is no telling the identity of the victim, says the coroner. It was learned that there was but one fire escape from the seventh floor of the building. There were at least 25 girls on this floor.

Situation In Anthracite Region.

Scranton, Pa., March 18.—President John Mitchell denied himself to all interviewers. He said he had no statement to make, but National Organizer Fred Dilcher said: "I am only giving this as my personal opinion, but if the union is not recognized before April 1, there will be a strike." The operators here say they are in no position to say anything on the situation.

British Are Hopeful.

Pretoria, March 18.—The prospects of peace are still considered hopeful. The Boer losses last month were 160 killed, 400 wounded and 1,000 captured and surrendered. Owing to the heavy rains General French's transport difficulties are still enormous.

Spring Meeting at Bennings.

Washington, March 18.—The spring meeting of the Washington Jockey club at Bennings racetrack, near this city, will begin March 28 and continue until April 13. The number of horses that will participate will exceed anything ever seen at the track.

Dewet's Forces Disperse.

Cape Town, March 18.—General Dewet's commando has broken up at Senekal, Orange River Colony.

Publisher of Pilot.

Boston, March 18. — Patrick Donohue, publisher of The Pilot, died this morning. He was 90 years of age.

The Weather.

For Ohio—Fair in western; occasional rain, probably turning into snow, in eastern portion.

For West Virginia—Occasional rain.

THE MEAT OF IT.

Interesting News Notes From All Quarters of the Globe.

The British bark Wanderer is reported missing.

Strike in the building trades threatened at Pittsburg.

Lackawanna county (Pa.) court decided the "ripper" law valid.

Ballie Crutchfield, colored woman, was killed by a mob near Rome, Tenn.

Serious riots occurred in Moscow, and a state of siege has been established.

General Mariano Trias of the Filipino army surrendered, with nine officers and 199 men.

In a duel between Count Boni de Castellane and M. De Rodays, near Paris, the latter was wounded.

Congressman Brosius, chairman of committee on banking and currency, died of apoplexy at Lancaster, Pa.

J. C. Morris of Youngstown, O., has been appointed by the governor to succeed R. S. Kayler as state commissioner of railroads and telegraphs.

J. C. PROCTOR COULD NOT WALK.

Was in a Bad Way Until Rescued by a Friend.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va.—J. C. Proctor had rheumatism so bad that he could not go upstairs. He says a friend told him that Ath-lo-pho-ros had cured him and a number of friends who had been in just as bad a way. Mr. Proctor says he has found a positive cure in Ath-lo-pho-ros, and he can give this remedy the highest praise. He says that when a man spends one dollar for Ath-lo-pho-ros he will positively get the worth of his money. We have thousands of cases like this, and can recommend Ath-lo-pho-ros to relieve any case of rheumatism or neuralgia.

Ath-lo-pho-ros

Cures Bad Cases of RHEUMATISM

Sold by Druggists. *Booklet Sent Free.*

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO., New Haven, Conn.

LIGHTNING AS ARTIST.

Many Weird Pictures Are Drawn by the Electric Fluid.

Among the mysterious things which lightning sometimes does is the imprinting of pictures upon objects not prepared in any way so as to sensitize them to light. This action of lightning has been observed and commented upon for many centuries and as yet it is a great puzzle which really seems to have no satisfactory solution. Gregory Nazainzen, the theologian, declares that in 360 A. D. crosses were imprinted, during a severe thunderstorm, upon the bodies and clothing of the men working upon he rebuilding of the temple in Jerusalem. Another well authenticated instance of the kind was at Wells cathedral, England, in the sixteenth century. In the progress of divine service several severe claps of thunder were heard, which so frightened and bewildered the worshipers that they prostrated themselves on the ground. Intermittent flashes of lightning lit up the cathedral, and though no one was hurt it was found after the storm was over that crosses had been imprinted upon the bodies of all those present. But the "Sign of the Cross" is not the only device which has been imprinted upon persons and objects by lightning. Trees or parts of trees are the most common manifestations of this weird photography, while instances are on record where representations of coins, horseshoes, nails, birds, cows, numerals, words, metal combs and chair backs have been imprinted on the human body. In Candelaria, Cuba, a young man was struck dead by lightning and upon his being picked up it was found that a horseshoe was photographed on the back of his neck. Close to the spot where the man was killed a horseshoe was nailed up over the window of a house and in some way this was supposed to be the cause of the impression found on the dead man. Some years ago near Bath, England, six sheep that were in a field surrounded by woods were struck dead by lightning. When the sheep were skinned it was found that a portion of the surrounding scenery had been photographed on the inside of their skins. The trees and foliage were reproduced beautifully and clearly defined. In 1852 a little girl was standing at a window watching the progress of a thunderstorm. A vivid flash of lightning struck the child and imprinted upon her body an exact image of a maple tree which was growing just outside the window.—Ex.

Eugene J. Hall, the poet and publisher, says that one dose of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice when hoarseness threatened to prevent his lecture at Central Music Hall, Chicago. Nothing else as good.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Queer African Customs.

Prince Oskazuma of Africa has been delivering a series of lectures to the colored people in Texas. These lectures deal with the habits and customs of his people in Africa, savage and civilized, relates the Fort Worth (Tex.) Gazette. In his last lecture he told of how the first born is sacrificed and fed to the sacred crocodiles and how the offerings of beads and the like are presented to the wooden gods. In their savage state, he asserted, Africans believed in the transmigration of the soul. Speaking of marital relations he said: "A man's wealth is constituted of the number of wives he has. My father, a powerful chief, has 47 wives. While I was a youth of but 16 I had as many wives and come to America to look for the seventeenth. However, there is a species of knighthood chivalry which protects the virtue of the young girls. As soon as a girl is born in a family of nobility, as you would call it, she is given to the highest bidder, and then all possible safeguards are thrown around her to protect her. There is no wooing and courting in African tribes and there are no divorces. The child husband or wife is selected by the parents. These selections are generally advantageous."

Quick Dessert

JELLYCON

No Cooking
No Baking

Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and set away to harden. Lemon, Orange, Peach, Raspberry, Strawberry, Wild Cherry.

AMERICAN REPUBLICS

Will Participate in the Conference to Be Held in Mexico.

Washington, March 18.—Responses have now been received from practically all of the South and Central American republics accepting the invitation to participate in the conference of American republics, which is to be held in the City of Mexico. The South American republics have shown a strong inclination toward arbitration in the settlement of their frequent boundary difficulties, and there is a tendency to adopt this method quite generally, and if possible universally, to avoid border conflicts and their attendant menace of war. Some of those interested in the congress have hoped to see it bring results similar to The Hague conference, with a permanent court of arbitration for the western republics like that at The Hague for international conflicts in which the countries of Europe and the United States might be involved. None of the southern republics was represented at The Hague conference.

Sensational Shooting Recalled.

Chicago, March 18.—Announcement is made here of the marriage of John T. Shayne, the wealthy Chicago merchant, and Mrs. Martha K. Hammond, former wife of Harry H. Hammond. The wedding recalls the sensational shooting of Shayne by Hammond nearly two years ago in the cafe of the Auditorium Annex in this city, where Shayne was dining with Mrs. Hammond, who was then separated from her husband. Shayne, though supposed to be fatally wounded, finally recovered. Hammond, who is a merchant tailor, was subsequently tried on the charge of attempted murder and acquitted after a sensational trial.

Author and Preacher.

Harpswell, Me., March 18.—Rev. Elijah Kellogg, author and preacher, whose fame rested on his books for boys, and his composition "Spartacus to the Gladiators," which nearly every schoolboy has learned at some time, died at his home here in his eighty-eighth year. A constitution weakened by advancing years could not throw off the effects of bronchial pneumonia, from which he suffered for some days.

Collision at Sea.

New York, March 18.—The lifesaving crew at Egg Harbor, N. J., report that at noon they saw a collision between a two-masted schooner and a southbound steamer. From what they subsequently saw they think the crew of the schooner was rescued by the steamer, which soon continued on her course.

Challenges Sent.

Boston, March 18. — Harvard and Yale have challenged Oxford and Cambridge for a regular set of track games to be held in New York during the early part of next July. The challenge was sent last week and an answer by cable is expected in a few days.

Cabinet Crisis at Seoul.

Yokohama, March 18.—The cabinet crisis at Seoul, capital of Korea, which arose out of the arrest of the acting minister of finance on charges of having plotted to murder a number of the ladies of the imperial household, continues.

Racing at Tanforan.

San Francisco, March 18.—Owing to the veto by Mayor Phelan of the ordinance permitting the reopening of the Ingleside track, the San Francisco Jockey club announces that racing will be resumed at Tanforan.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For March 16.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Good to prime steers, $4 90@6 00; poor to medium, $3 65@4 80; stockers and feeders, $2 70@4 65; cows, $2 65@4 35; heifers, $2 00@2 60; canners, $2 65@4 65; bulls, $2 60@4 25; Texas fed steers, $4 00@5 00; Texas grass steers, $3 25@4 00; Texas bulls, $2 50@3 75. Calves $4 50@6 00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5 55@5 77½; good to choice heavy, $5 70@5 82½; rough heavy, $5 55@5 65; light, $5 50@5 75. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers, $4 40@4 80; fair to choice mixed, $4 00@4 50; western sheep, $4 45@4 80; yearlings, $4 75@5 10; native lambs, $4 75@5 45; western lambs, $5 10@5 45. Wheat—No. 2 red, 75@77½c. Corn—No. 2, 40@40½c. Oats—No. 2, 25½c.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Good to choice smooth dry fed 1,250 lb. steers and upwards, $4 65@4 90; good to choice dry fed lighter steers, $4 35@4 50; green half fat steers, 900 to 1,200 pounds, $4 00@4 25; fair to best heifers, $3 75@4 25; fair to extra cows, $3 00@3 75; bulls, $3 25@3 85. Sheep and Lambs—Choice to extra handy lambs, $5 50@5 55; fair to good lambs, $5 25@5 40; culls and common, $4 50@4 75; good handy wether sheep, $4 60@4 65; fair to good mixed sheep, $4 00@4 40; culls and common, $2 50@3 25; fair to choice yearlings, $4 50@4 75. Calves—Fair to best, $6 00@6 75. Hogs—Mixed Yorkers and mediums, $5 95; pigs, $5 80@5 85.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $5 50@5 65; prime, $5 20@5 40; good, $4 90@5 10; tidy butchers, $4 60@4 85; heifers, $3 00@4 25; cows, bulls and stags, $2 50@4 25; fresh cows, $25 00@50 00. Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, $4 85@5 00; good, $4 65@4 80; fair, $4 25@4 50; choice lambs, $5 70@5 80; common to good, $4 25@5 65. Hogs—Heavy Yorkers and mediums, $6 05@6 10; light Yorkers, $6 00@6 05; heavy hogs, $5 85@6 00; pigs, $5 80@5 90.

BUFFALO—Cattle: Exporters, $5 25@5 50; shipping, $4 00@5 25; butchers, $4 25@4 75; cows, $3 00@4 00; heifers, $3 75@4 75; stockers and feeders, $3 50@4 25; bulls, $3 00@4 25. Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $5 75@5 85; fair to good, $5 50@5 75; culls and common, $4 75@5 25; mixed sheep, $4 25@4 55; culls and common, $2 75@3 25; yearlings, $5 00@5 25. Calves—$7 00@7 50. Hogs—Pigs and Yorkers, $6 10; mediums and heavy, $5 15.

NEW YORK—Cattle: Steers, $4 60@5 40; bulls, $3 15@4 10; cows, $2 05@3 65. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $3 80@5 00; culls, $3 00@3 50; lambs, $5 70@6 25. Calves—Veals, $4 00@7 50. Hogs—Western, $5 80; state, $4 00@6 25. Wheat—No. 2 red, 81½c. Corn—No. 2, 40c. Oats—No. 2, 31c.

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 79½@80c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 41½@42c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 27½@27¾c. Rye—No. 2, 55c. Lard—$7 65. Bulk Meats—$7 62½. Bacon—$8 50. Hogs—$5 95. Cattle—$2 25@4 90. Sheep—$2 00@4 50. Lambs—$4 00@5 75.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 79½c; corn, 41c; oats, 23c; rye, 52½c; cloverseed, $6 60.

BALTIMORE—Butter: Fancy creamery, 23c. Eggs—Fresh, 14@15c.

CHEW Wetmore's Best

It's All in the Quality

Made only by M. C. WETMORE TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

The Largest Independent Factory in America

A CHECK SWINDLE.

Trick by Which One Firm Got Dollars Without Sales.

That there is no end to the ways of imposing upon the suffering New York public was illustrated by the failure of a small store recently. The newly appointed receiver was surprised by having many women come to his office with credit checks. These checks were for small amounts ranging from $1 to $10. At first the receiver couldn't understand it, but upon investigation he learned the details of a pretty system of fleecing. The firm, it seems, had made a specialty of silk and cotton shirt waists. These were, with few exceptions, shapeless, ill-fitting garments, and when the unfortunate women shoppers got home with their purchases and put them on they were disgusted to find that the bargain sale waists were baggy and puckery and altogether so poorly fashioned that it would be next to impossible to make them fit even by a complete ripping up and remaking. Such being the conditions they invariably took the goods back and demanded other waists or their money. It was contrary to the principles of the firm to refund money, and as they seldom had waists more becoming either in style or shape than the ones returned they were driven to the extremity of credit checks. "We will get in a new supply of waists in a few days," was the suave assurance of the manager and his well-trained assistants. "Your check will be good at any time, and when we replenish our stock you can select a waist that suits you." But the new stock never arrived and in spite of the good dollars received from deluded customers without decreasing their capital of waists, the firm became insolvent and then the women began to come with credit checks. So far the receiver has been unable to compensate them for their loss through the swindle which, in its way, was rather neat.—New York Sun.

NOW OUT OF FASHION.

Rugs Have Supplanted Carpets in All Stylish Homes These Days.

To what extent the rug business has cut into the strictly carpet business cannot be told, but that it is appreciably felt by the latter goes without saying, and that it is making constant inroads upon it is also admitted by all. The growth and the expansion of the rug industry has been wonderful in the last five years, and it may be said that within a twelvemonth it has taken a start forward, gaining a momentum which promises much for the future. It is not difficult to ascribe the cause for this moment, or at least for a considerable portion of it, but it may be difficult to say whether or not this movement carries with it that permanency and stability which goes with most industries. Yet one cannot ignore the fact that there is associated with this business the idea of adaptability and of suitability which seems to argue in favor of its permanence. The rug as it is known today is different from the rug of two decades, or even a decade ago; it has a different place in the question of household economy, and it is this very question of economy which has made the place for it. Crowded cities mean small apartments, shifting population and expedients. The rug is a utility carpet, one that will fit emergencies, that is well adapted as an expedient. This unquestionably has done much to encourage the sale. The ingenuity of the manufacturer in devising the ways and means to meet the wants of the people along these lines has done much toward increasing the market. Judging from what has been done the last few years it might be said that the rug business today is in an initial movement, one that is likely to reach great proportions with recurring years, and that there are even those who believe it will to a large extent supersede and displace the regular carpets; that it is an advance in household economy. In any event, the rug of today promises well for the future, and the struggling ingrain manufacturers, as well as those who are fighting formidable competition in other branches of carpet manufacturing, may look to this one branch of the industry as offering them an escape from the heaviness and depression of their trade. The one who realizes at the start the evolutions in trade, getting in the movement early, is the one who succeeds best.

DONE BY THE DEAD.

Grewsome Spectacle When the Dead Seem to Feign Life.

Live persons have feigned death with marvelous exactness, but when the dead feign life, or seem to feign life, the spectacle is as gruesome as can well be imagined. Not long ago a Russian cemetery was the scene of as weird a wedding as ever has been witnessed. A young girl who had been betrothed died on the eve of her marriage, and her friends decided that, in spite of the intervening hand of death, her marriage must take place. The wedding ceremony was performed at the side of the grave, and after the marriage the body was returned to the coffin and lowered to its long resting place. It is less than a year ago that a valuable cup was won in a bicycle race in Australia by a man who was dead when he passed the winning post. The race took place at an "electric light carnival," so called, in the presence of 10,000 spectators. In the last lap James Somerville, a rider, forged to the front and secured such a lead that his victory was assured. When within twenty-five yards of the finish he was seen to relax his hold on the handlebars and lose his footing on the pedals. He did not fall from the machine, however, and amid frantic cheers dashed by the goal, winning the race by half a wheel. As he passed the finishing post he pitched forward and fell to the ground. When he was picked up he was found to be dead, and, what was more, the doctors declared that death had come to him when he was seen to lose his hold of the handlebars. It was a dead body that had ridden the last twenty-five yards of the race. On a recent voyage the sealing schooner Arietis was cruising about 200 miles off the coast of British Columbia when she sighted a dismantled ship. The Arietis bore down upon the derelict, and as she got near enough a man was seen on board grasping the wheel and apparently steering the craft. No other sign of man was seen on the ship. The man at the wheel was hailed, but returned no answer—just stood there grasping the spokes of the wheel and looking straight ahead. A boat was lowered and the mysterious ship boarded. When they came close to the man at the wheel they saw with horror that he was dead and had evidently been dead for many days.—San Francisco Bulletin.

Millions for Lighthouses.

The annual report of the lighthouse board, just issued from Washington, shows that the federal government maintains 435 lighthouses and lights in piers along the great lakes. It operates 74 steam fog whistles and eighteen clockwork fog signals. It maintains fifty-four gas buoys, four bell buoys and 621 channel buoys. The system requires four lighthouse tenders and a force of 1,000 men. The cost of the lighthouses, lightships and buoys is upward of $5,000,000, and the demands of navigators make it necessary to increase the expenditure. The foghorn off Chicago harbor worked 665 hours during the year, and entailed the consumption of eighty-eight tons of coal and nine cords of wood.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Common Pleas Court of Allen County, Ohio.

National Supply Company, Plaintiff.

vs.

L. E. Bloomfield, et al., Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, as receivers of all the property of L. E. Bloomfield, in a case pending in said court, wherein the National Supply Company is plaintiff and L. E. Bloomfield, et al, are defendants. All persons having any property or assets of said L. E. Bloomfield, are directed by the Court to turn over the said property to the undersigned; all persons having debts against the said L. E. Bloomfield are requested to make due proof of the same as required by law.

M. P. COLT and CHARLES GESSELCHEN, Receivers of L. E. Bloomfield.

Cable & Parmenter, Attorneys.

feb 29-4w

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

DEMOCRATIC CITY TICKET.

For Justice of the Peace.
WILLIAM E. REILLY.

For Water Works Trustee.
JOHN THOMPSON.

For Member City Council.
First Ward.
J. W. SHANNAHAN.
Second Ward.
JACOB J. HAEGE.
Third Ward.
G. M. McCULLOUGH.
Fourth Ward.
ELMER E. WELKER.
Fifth Ward.
ED. S. MOSES.
Sixth Ward.
FRED HEROLD.
Seventh Ward.
MICHAEL O'NEILL.

For Assessors.
First Ward.
WILLIAM GALLAGHER.
Second Ward.
JOHN NOONAN.
Third Ward.
P. P. SMITH.
Fourth Ward.
JOHN J. SULLIVAN.
Fifth Ward.
A. C. WOOD.
Sixth Ward.
FRANK PHINNEY.
Seventh Ward.
J. F. HUTCHINS.

For Members School Board.
First Ward.
JAMES DONAHUE.
Third Ward.
ANNIE DISMAN.
Fifth Ward.
JOEL SPYKER.
Seventh Ward.
H. S. PROPHET.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

STATE SENATOR.

Please announce the name of J. B. SUNDERLAND as Allen County's candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of STEPHEN D. CRITES, of Elida, as a candidate for the endorsement of the Allen county Democracy at its April primary, as a candidate for the nomination for State Senator at the district convention.

REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce the name of H. H. ROUSH, of Bath township, as a candidate for Representative from Allen County, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. MANGES, of Richland township, as a candidate for Representative from Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of R. C. EASTMAN, of Lima, as a candidate for Representative from Allen County, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. A. STATES, of Monroe township, as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. J. BARR, as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of HENRY VAN GUNTEN, as a candidate for Sheriff of Allen county subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. E. GRUBB, of Lima, as a candidate for Infirmary Director, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their Primary Election.

We are authorized to announce the name of GEORGE A. HEFFNER, of Lima, as a candidate for Infirmary Director, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

We are authorized to announce the name of ALBERT HEFNER, of Perry township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of G. F. GETZ, of Bath township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at the primarp election.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. GENSHL as a candidate for renomination for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at the primary election.

CORONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of DR. T. M. JOHNSON, of Lima, as a candidate for nomination for Coroner of Allen county subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of DR. ANDREW BICE, of Lima, as a candidate for nomination for Coroner of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

AN EMPEROR IS WASHINGTON.

"We shall have an Emperor in Washington within twenty-five years unless we can create a public sentiment which, regardless of legislation, will regulate the trusts."

With that statement President Hadley, of Yale University, last Sunday night startled a congregation largely made up of the richest church society at the Old South church.

He was delivering the third of a course of Lenten addresses by college presidents, and his specific topic was "The Development of a Public Conscience."

In the course of his address he said: "How do things stand as regards the need of a public conscience in this country today? The American standard of personal morality is, on the whole, high, as compared with other nations and other ages. We have developed personal virtues through individual conscience very well. But our actions in politics and in a social and business sense prove our moral standards in those directions desperately low.

"There is an appaling contrast between our methods of dealing with each other as individuals, and the low standard observed in dealings between different parts of the whole organization of society.

"Competition used to prevent a man from practicing great extortion upon his neighbor even if he wanted to, and in politics once we had at least a rough form of relative justice. But today with our industries organized into trusts and the imperialistic spirit developed in politics, the general development of the principle of trusts will become appalling unless we cultivate a higher standard of morality than ever before.

"Legislation will never protect us from the evils of trusts, of deteriorated politics. The essence of a trust is that you must trust the head of it to exercise his power wisely or to abuse it, according to the kind of conscience he possesses.

"Trusts have got to be regulated by public sentiment, and the public sentiment is not merely the opinion of any particular part of the whole people, but is a readiness to accept, in behalf of the community, restrictions, independent of the question whether you or I shall be personally harmed by these restrictions.

"You say that the community will not be governed by this principle. We must expect that the community will, however, for the alternative is an Emperor in Washington within twenty-five years. Public affairs can no longer be played as a game, but must be directed by an intelligent and active public conscience. Individual effort is helpless and hopeless."

Popular approval in Cuba of the refusal of the constitutional convention to accept the Platt amendment has been widely evinced, and the delegates will thus be encouraged to delay still further the initial steps toward final settlement of the vexed question of international relations. The Cuban statesmen evidently do not regard the eight proposals of the amendment as a federal ultimatum, with continued military occupation of the island as the only alternative.

Little Less than a Gibraltar.

The approaches to the city of Bergen, Norway, by sea are now effectually protected by fortifications of a formidable character. This is especially the case with the southern approach, where, besides powerful batteries at different points, the well-known landmark Mount Lyderhorn, sloping from an altitude of 1,259 feet down toward the sea, has also been appropriated for defensive purposes. A splendid system of military roads ramifies the mountain in various directions, magazines and storehouses have been imbedded in the solid rock in secure places, leaving only their roofs exposed to view, and enormous guns peep over the crest of the mountain or protrude from galleries blasted in the rock at the water's edge. Altogether this is little less than a Norwegian Gibraltar.—Tars Lea in Chicago Record.

OUR MILITARY BUDGET.

Nearly Twice That of Any Great European Power.

BILLION DOLLARS THIS SESSION.

Tide Still Rising and No Way to Stop the Extravagance of the Republican Party.—$400,000,000 For Army and Navy—Ship Subsidy Not Included In the Estimates.

"The military budget (army, navy and pensions) of this country will be nearly $400,000,000. It will be nearly twice what any great European power is spending.

"We were shocked at the idea of a billion dollar congress, and before we know it we will have a billion dollar session."

Senator Eugene Hale of Maine made the above declaration on the floor of the senate. Senator Allison admitted these statements and others. Pressed by the Democrats and Senator Hale, Mr. Allison gave an offhand statement of the enormous sums congress is appropriating at this session. The shipping bill subsidy, the Pacific cable, the Nicaraguan cable and other large prospective appropriations are not included in the total admitted to be inevitable. The expenditures to be authorized for the army are only calculated on a basis of $135,000,000, whereas careful computations show that about $40,000,000 in excess of this sum will be required.

While speaking on the ship subsidy bill Senator Morgan asked Senator Allison what the appropriations for this session would be.

"The appropriations, including those that are general appropriations, will be $760,000,000 this year, I think," Mr. Allison replied.

"Regular appropriations?" Mr. Morgan asked in astonishment.

Mr. Allison replied: "Regular appropriations, including what are usually brought forward in the estimate as permanent appropriations. Of course, that will include the interest on the public debt and probably $15,000,000 or $20,000,000 which will not be diverted. Of regular appropriations which may be expended the next fiscal year there will be $700,000,000."

"I have the impression," declared Mr. Hale, "that the appropriations this year, including what are reckoned miscellaneous appropriations, will be nearer $800,000,000 than $700,000,000."

Reluctantly Mr. Allison admitted what Mr. Hale said was true, saying: "They will be, including the permanent appropriations, but no one can say now what the estimates of miscellaneous appropriations will be, nor can any one say what the river and harbor appropriations will be. The estimate I make of $760,000,000 includes only $1,000,000 for miscellaneous appropriations. Of course they will be larger than that."

"They will be very much larger than that," said Mr. Hale impressively.

"They probably will be $10,000,000," Mr. Allison admitted. "The deficiencies are estimated at about $30,000,000. They may be more. In round numbers the appropriations for the next fiscal year probably will be from $760,000,000 to $780,000,000."

"We have not found any place yet where we could cut off anything," remarked Mr. Hale. "The tide, immensely swollen heretofore, is more swollen and more turbid."

"And still rising," interjected Mr. Spooner.

"And still rising," repeated Mr. Hale.

"And rapidly rising," Mr. Allison said.

Mr. Hale repeated Mr. Allison's words and added:

"We were shocked at the idea of a 'billion dollar congress,' and before we know it we will have a 'billion dollar session.'"

Then Mr. Teller spoke: "I believe the senator from Maine is nearer right than is the senator from Iowa when he says that the appropriations will amount to $800,000,000."

Speaking solemnly and impressively, Mr. Hale said: "The military budget of this republic for the coming year will be nearly $400,000,000. It will be nearly twice what any great European power is spending."

"That is for the army and navy?" inquired Mr. Morgan.

Mr. Hale—For the army and navy and pensions and incidentals.

Mr. Culberson closed the incident by saying: "The senator from Iowa suggests that the appropriations for the military establishment will probably be $135,000,000. The secretary of war estimates that the expenditures for the coming year will approximate $174,000,000, with an army of 100,000."

The pension appropriation bill as it passed the senate carried $144,000,000. The naval appropriation bill as reported from the senate committee carried an aggregate expenditure of $78,696,973, an increase of $1,691,000 over the house bill.

Naval Appropriations.

For the year 1896 the appropriation for the navy was in round numbers $27,000,000. In 1898, the year of the Spanish war, it was $58,000,000. This year the bill as reported to the house calls for $77,000,000, with authorization for additional naval construction which, included in the bill, as it should be, would swell the total to nearly $100,000,000. The entire ordinary expenditures of the government 12 years ago were less than $300,000,000.—New York World.

Sons of Great Men.

The sons of great men are distinguished by the anxiety they cause their parents.

NEWS

Of the City Across the River.

A Sad Message

Received by Mrs. A. Settlemire

Announcing That Her Husband Cannot Live Many More Days.

Miss Laura Poling Slightly Burned by an Explosion of Gasoline—Birthday Anniversaries Celebrated.

Captain B. A. Holland, ex-mayor of Ada, was in the city today, reviewing all acquaintances and visiting friends.

David S. Gienther, and family, of Indianapolis, Ind., have removed to this city and will make their home in South Lima.

Dr. Briggs, of Kenton, visited with south Main street friends yesterday.

Cliff Crossley spent Sunday with friends at Ft. Wayne.

After a protracted visit at Adrian, Michigan, T. M. Eanis, has returned to his home on St. Johns avenue.

N. E. Shaw, who has been quite ill a considerable time at his St. Johns avenue home, is able to be out again.

Having visited several days with Mesdames J. S. Lytle and Rose Vandawater, Mrs. William Youngblood has returned to her home at Huntington, Ind.

Murry Fee, who suffered a severe attack of heart trouble Saturday, is much improved today.

C. W. Cross, of Elkhart, Ind., spent Sunday with his parents on south Pine street.

Major G. J. Deming, of Ada, was the guest of Lima friends yesterday.

Charles McJuintly and Wilber Conette, of the college at Ada, were entertained by South Lima friends Saturday. They say the offending apollo in the Franklin literary hall accidentally created consternation again recently: resulting in some of the male students having a pair of red velvet knee pants made and put upon the naughty god.

Earl Engle, of Ada, called upon friends here yesterday.

Albert Whetzler has returned to his home at Ada, after a brief visit in this vicinity.

Will Lampfer, of Ada, was a visitor in this locality yesteday.

Misses Addie Fortman, and Anna Recker, of Kalida, were entertained by Mrs. Gertrude Kapel, yesterday at her home on south Pine street.

J. W. Rathbone was at West Minster today on business.

Frank Allen, of south Elizabeth street, who has been ill the past four weeks, is rapidly recovering.

Peter Flynn returned yesterday, from a business trip to Alexander, Indiana.

Mr. John Thompson, Sr., who has been bedfast with la grippe the past few days, is able to attend to business again.

Nelson Cramer and family returned to their Indiana home this morning, after a pleasant visit with G. W. Pugsley and son, of South Lima.

John Garlinger, who left recently for California, writes he likes the state and will make his future home at Bakersfield, where he has established himself in business. A. S. Snyder and family, relatives of his, will move to that city shortly.

Friends of A. Settlemire, now at Lynn, Ga., will be sorry to hear his physician has pronounced his case hopeless, being of the opinion he can live only a few days. Mrs. Settlemyer has started for Georgia, to be with her husband.

Saturday Mrs. Fannie Cramer entertained friends in honor of her birthday anniversary. The event was entirely enjoyable.

Miss Lulu Spencer, entertained a few friends Saturday afternoon at her south Pine street home. As a social function, the occasion was successful.

At her home on west Kibby street, yesterday, Mrs. Jacob Rise graciously entrtained a number of guests at a sumptuous mid day repast in observation of her fiftieth birthday anniversary, which event was an exceedingly happy one.

Mrs. L. Wheeler, of east Kibby street, was hostess at a six o'clock dinner Saturday, which function was pronounced highly appreciatable.

A horse attached to S. Spellacy's delivery wagon stumbled into the excavation on south Union street Saturday evening, being extracted with the greatest difficulty.

Yesterday was enrollment day at Grace M. E. church. Special services were conducted, the large number who identified themselves with the church during the revival receiving their assignments.

Miss Edna Robertson, of Sidney, is the guest of Mrs. L. Wheeler, of east Kibby street.

The little daughter of John Mack is quite ill at the home of her parents, on south Central avenue.

Joseph Linderman, of Reese avenue, who has been seriously ill lately, is convalescing.

A. R. Nixon caught his foot between the boards of a walk at his home last night causing a fall by which his right ankle was painfully sprained.

A large number of her friends met at the home of Miss Clara Shriner yesterday afternoon, where they were informally entertained in honor of Miss Eva Emory, of Kenton, who will visit a few days in South Lima.

Sunday morning Miss Laura Poling was slightly burned by flames from a gasoline burner she was generating beside one ignited. Fortunately she escaped with badly singed hair and slight burns upon the face and hands.

Mrs. John Boysell, of south Main street, is confined to her home by illness.

William Hatfield is home from a business trip to Licking county in the interest of the Fee Milling Co., which is being located there.

Prof. Drennen's Choral society held the last of this term's rehearsals Friday night. An excellent program was rendered reflecting creditably upon the participants, who have made much progress the past few weeks. Another term will commence soon with a larger membership than before. An effort will be made to have a contest between this choral and that of Grace M. E. church. Such an arrangement would undoubtedly prove interesting and entertaining.

The parts for the Easter entertainment to be given by the young people of Grace M. E. church have been assigned, and rehearsals for what promises to be a delightful event have commenced.

Edward Crobel, of Havlin, is visiting with S. W. McCreary, of the south side.

TO THE PUBLIC.

On and after this date the Shawnee Bowling Club room will be open to the public at regular club prices.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

The cheapest place in Lima to buy Wall Paper. COPELAND'S
31-2w 109 East Wayne Street.

ELEVATOR

At Toledo Will be Rebuilt by the C. H. & D.

Several Hundred Thousand Dollars Will be Spent to Replace the Burned Structure.

The C. H. & D. elevator B which was destroyed by fire is to be rebuilt at Toledo. The contract has been awarded to the Macdonald Engineering company, of Chicago, who will immediately begin operations on erecting a steel, fire-proof elevator building on the site of the old foundation in East Toledo.

The new building, when completed, will hold about 1,500,000 bushels, and will be built in two sections—the first of which will be rushed to completion for this year's business. The cost of the elevator will be about $300,000.

Conductor Andy Cunningham, of the L. E. & W., is laying off and conductor Will Davis is running his car.

Notes.

Conductor Jack Purcell, of the L. E. & W., evidently expects to be assigned to the Minster run soon. He's been practicing with wooden shoes.

Charles Reilly, formerly of the L. E. & W., who recently accepted the position of general foreman of the Clover Leaf railroad shops at Frankfort, Ind., spent Sunday here. Mr. Reilly desires his friends to know that he was not appointed master mechanic of the Clover Leaf as was reported by the local newspapers.

Conductor Charles Guinty, of the P. Ft. W. & C., who has been off duty for some time on account of an injured hand, will report for duty again in a few days.

Engineer John Myers and S. D. Downing, of the L. E. & W., have traded runs, Mr. Downing taking the east local with Sunday lay over here.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

Spring Overcoats.

If you'll take the trouble to look, there is no question but what you'll pronounce our stock of Spring Overcoats the best you ever saw.

Styles, shapes, quality away in advance of all previous seasons.

Covert Cloth Overcoats,

$7.50, $10, $12 and $15.

Oxford Grey Overcoats,

$10, $12 and $15

Raglan or Chesterfield styles.

The Mammoth.

Spring Hats.

Hat trade is on in full blast. Its coming our way stronger than ever before. And we are fully prepared.

On Sale Today.

The new Spring "Hawes" derby. Prettiest of this famous make, $3.00.

Swell straight brim Hats 98c to $3.00.

Children's fancy Hats and Caps, an endless variety.

The Mammoth

Spring Suits.

A pronounced feature of this season's Suits is the style. The military Suit is the Suit for young men.

An exclusive novelty only obtainable here is the Suit with a double vest. One side silk the other like Suit.

Handsome Spring Clothes,

$7.50, $10, $12 and $15.

The Mammoth.

Spring Clothes for Boys.

The styles you see here are not to be found elsewhere as our output is sufficient to control it in Lima. This season handsomer styles than ever. Vest Suits, ages 3 to 16. Russian Blouse Suits, ages 3 to 7. Sailor Suits, ages 3 to 10.

$2 to $8.

The Mammoth

The Mammoth

NOTICE.

To all persons interested in fraternal life insurance I most cheerfully recommend the Independent Order of Foresters.

It fulfills all promises to its members during sickness, and has paid the death claim of Charles L. Michael promptly and in a most satisfactory manner. MARY W. MICHAEL.

FOREIGN MISSION ADDRESS.

Rev. L. B. Wolf, a former missionary in India, and now associate secretary of the Foreign Mission board of the General Synod Lutheran church, will speak in Spring street Lutheran church on "India and Its Missions," tomorrow evening at 7:30. The address will be of unusual interest to all who are interested in foreign missions No admission will be charged and everybody will be welcome.

I. J. MILLER, Pastor.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between L. W. Mowery and E. W. Shuler, under the firm name of Mowery and Shuler, is this day dissolved by mutual agreement.

L. W. Mowery will continue the business, at 325 south Main street, Lima, Ohio.

L. W. Mowery assumes and will pay all debts of Mowery and Shuler, and will collect all debts and accounts due said firm.

MOWERY & SHULER.
L. W. MOWERY,
E. W. SHULER.

March 16, 1901. 32-2w

LOUIS BRIENBERG.

Shoe Repair Shop.

Northeast Corner Public Square.

PRICE LIST.

Half Soled, Men's.....40 cents
Heeled Men's.....40 cents
Half Soled and Heeled, Ladies'.....20 cents
Half Soled and Heeled, Boys'.....45 cents
Children's Work, Soled and Heeled 35 cents
Men's Half Soled and Heeled, Hand Sewed.....$1.0

Shop open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. We use the best white oak tanned leather and guarantee perfect satisfaction. m12-1m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Ex. Doc. 2. Case No. 16591. Page 6.

Lizzie E. Metzger, Plaintiff, vs. Mortimer Bradrick et al., Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of a writ of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 20th, A. D. 1901,

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Being the north part of inlot number forty-nine hundred and forty-six (No. 4946) and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the northeast corner of said inlot number forty-nine hundred and forty-six (No. 4946); thence south along east line of said lot seventy-seven (77) feet; thence west fifty (50) feet to the west line of said lot; thence north one hundred and nineteen (119) feet to Bellefontaine avenue; thence in a southeasterly direction sixty-five (65) feet to the place of beginning, and being Jacobs sixth addition to the City of Lima, Ohio, and located on Bellefontaine avenue between Sugar and Oak streets, at the sum of twenty-three hundred and thirty-three ($2333.00) Dollars.

Appraised at $2333.00.
Terms of sale cash.

E. A. BOGART, Sheriff,
Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, March 16th, 1901.
T. R. HAMILTON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Ex. Doc. 13. Case No. 16530. Page 39.

Mahala Coon, Plaintiff, vs. Bruce Geech et al., Defendants. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 20th, A. D. 1901.

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

The undivided one-half (½) of the following described premises, situate in the City of Lima, County of Allen and State of Ohio, to-wit: Being a part of inlots numbers twenty-eight hundred and forty-one and twenty-eight hundred and forty-two (2841 and 2842) in Climer's addition to the city of Lima, Ohio, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point thirty (30) feet west of the south east corner of inlot number twenty-eight hundred and forty-two (2842) on the north line of Albert street; thence north one hundred and six (106) feet to the north line of said inlot number twenty-eight hundred and forty-one (2841); thence west along the said north line of said lot thirty (30) feet; thence south one hundred and six (106) feet to the north line of Albert street; thence east on said south line thirty (30) feet to the place of beginning, the same being situated on the north side of Albert street, between Pine street and Madison avenue, house No 511.

Appraised at $900.00.
Terms of sale cash.

E. A. BOGART, Sheriff,
Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, March 18th, 1901.
RIDENOUR & HALPHILL,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock blood bitters makes pure blood.

CARROLL & COONEY.

Special Sale Curtains and Draperies.

Our special display and sale of Lace Curtains and fine Draperies will be continued all this week. We have never sold so many Curtains and Portiers in the same number of days as we have in the past week and have never received so many compliments on any display we have ever made since we started here six years ago, as on this collection of Curtains and Draperies. Special prices during this sale.

Man-Tailored Suits Worth $15 FOR $10.50

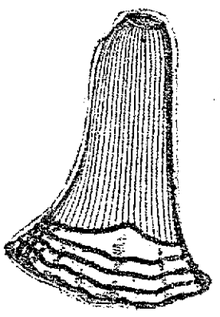
Fine Cheviot and Venetian Suits with seven gored, flare Skirts, priced at $10.50, that are well worth $15.00.

BUY YOUR EASTER SUIT THIS WEEK.

Easter Waists On Sale Tomorrow.

Tomorrow we will place on sale an extensive line of beautiful Silk Waists at $5 each—the best values we have ever seen at the price. Colors lavender, old rose, pink and blue.

Silk Skirts



Just Received

Ladies' Silk Skirts in the very latest styles. Prices $10, $12.50 and $15.

Corsets at Reduced Prices.

We have decided to close out our stock of P. D. Corsets and have reduced prices on the entire line. All $2.50 Corsets reduced to $2.50; $2.50 grade to $1.75; the $2.00 quality to $1.50, and $1.75 Corsets to $1.00.

CARROLL & COONEY.

FINE

Program was Well Rendered

In Observance

Of the Day of Ireland's Patron Saint.

Local Divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians Entertain.

Wheeler Hall Crowded to the Doors by an Appreciative Audience—Good Music and Fitting Addresses.

St. Patrick's day, which is always looked forward to with interest and pleasure by the Irish people the world over, was fittingly, though quietly observed in Lima yesterday and last evening. Everywhere about the city the artificial three leaves of Shamrock could be seen upon the coat lapels of not only the Irish-Americans, but were also worn by many of their friends, and many also wore mineature likenesses of Ireland's patriot saint.

The principal event of the day was the excellent entertainment that was given last night in the Wheeler hall by the Hibernians of Allen county. The big hall was crowded to the doors by the time the first number on the programme was rendered, and the entertainment proved to be both fitting to the occasion and interesting to the magnificent and appreciative audience that was in attendance. The addresses by Rev. Father A. E. Manning and Rev. J. B. Mooney, and the address of welcome by W. J. O'Connor were brief and to the point and were well received. Every number on the program was well rendered, and the event throughout was greatly appreciated and enjoyed by the Hibernians and their guests. The program was as follows:

Address of Welcome.....W. J. O'Connor
"All Hail to St. Patrick".....Cecilian Choir
Address.....Rev. A. E. Manning
Recitation—"Sheridan's Ride".....Thomas Phalen, Jr
"The Old Mud Cabin on the Hill".....Thomas Gorman
Address.....Rev. J. B. Mooney
Popular Songs.....Miss Justice Lawlor
Irish Jigs.....O'Connell and Holleran
Recitation—"As Judy O'Shea Sees Hamlet".....Miss Breta Gorman
Singing Comedians.....Malloy and Guinan
Tenor solo.....Thomas Clabaugh
Club Manipulations.....John Maher
Recitation—"Fontenoy".....W. J. O'Connor
Soprano Solo—"My Dream of You".....Miss Anna Kane
Song—"Farewell, But Whenever You Welcome the Hour".....Peter Laughlin
Reading—"Erin's Flag".....Miss Mayme O'Brien
"The Imperial Two".....Daley and Kelly
Closing Song—"God Save Ireland".....By a double quartette, in which the audience joined.

A STRONG DISCOURSE.

Rev. Figley, pastor of Trinity M. E. church, being sick, Prof. L. C. Eline, of Lima College, was called to the pulpit Sunday morning and evening. The theme in the morning was "The Church"—"Out of Zion the perfection of beauty God hath shined."

He said: "The church is a divine institution and is framed in the very hearts of humanity. The church has life, fellowship and beauty. The church is not one of several co-ordinate agencies, but it is the chief agency for the regeneration of mankind. Christianity is more than an experience—it is life and fellowship with Christ and with Christians."

The sermon was well received by a large congregation who heard it.

Fancy Sardines at Irwin's.

Sardine's with mushroom and tomato sauce.

Sardines with mustard sauce, "extras."

Sardines with truffles and oil.

Sardines, boneless in pure olive oil.

Sardinetts with pickles and olive oil.

These goods make a dainty lunch.

D. S. IRWIN, Grocer.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. Sallie C. Watkins, of 131 west Kibby street. Any bills arising will have to be sworn to before a notary public.

30-3t L. T. WATKINS.

S. H. ARNOLD

Withdraws His Name From the List

Of Contestants for Position on the Ticket.

The Contest for Commissioner Has Been Reduced to One Between G. F. Getz and Albert Heffner.

The following card from S. H. Arnold, of Jackson township, announces the withdrawal of that gentleman from the contest for county commissioner. The withdrawal of Mr. Arnold reduces the number of candidates for this position to two—Albert Heffner, of Perry township, and G. F. Getz, of Bath township.:

At the solicitation of many friends I presented my name as a candidate for nomination to the office of county commissioner. I have made a partial canvas, sufficient to satisfy myself that the candidacy of two persons from the same township for the same county office could but result in the defeat of both. I, therefore, with kindliest feeling to all candidates, and many thanks to my friends who have tendered their support, announce my withdrawal.

d&w S. H. ARNOLD.

A CORRECTION.

The following card handed into the TIMES-DEMOCRAT this morning is selfexplanatory:

ED. TIMES:—Please correct notice in Saturday's issue refering to Mrs. Hollister, of west Spring street, entertaining the F. A. club on Friday, as she accompanied Mr. Hollister, who was called to Espyville, Pa., on account of the death of his father, who died on the 10th inst., at the advanced age of 90 years.

THE ROYAL BOX.

Lima theater-goers who saw the production of "The Royal Box" by its talented author, the late Charles Coghlan, will remember it as one of the very best plays ever seen in Faurot's oper house in any season. The production of the play Tuesday night will equal that in every detail. Mr. Robson, who plays "Clarence" was "The Prince of Wales" in the Coghlan company and played the leading role many times before Mr. Coghlan's death—in fact, was carefully rehearsed in the part by the great actor himself. Seats are now on sale.

PERSONAL.

Delphos Courant—Mrs. Ed. Moore will move back from Lima to her property near the park....Mrs. M. E. Longsworth was in Lima this week visiting her sister, Mrs. Aaron Fisher. ....W. R. Stevenson, the oil peddler, has moved to Lima.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Sutton a daughter.

Miss Edna Engle and Pearl Ream have departed for Cincinnati where they will visit relatives.

Miss Lorell Crawford and Mr. A. Butterfield, of Piqua, spent Sunday with Miss Rilda Blakley, of 212 north Jackson street.

The funeral services over the remains of John W. Finn were held at St. Rose church this morning at 8:30 o'clock. Rev. A. E. Manning officiated. The interment was made in Gethsemani cemetery.

Mrs. Philip Flash, of north Elizabeth street, who has been very ill, is greatly improved today.

Marshal Tom Houser, of Celina, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Collins, of Wapakoneta, were the guests of friends here yesterday.

James Clarke, of Findlay, was the guest yesterday of his uncle Rev. A. E. Manning.

John Flowers, of Holgate, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. J. R. Moore, of north Main street.

Mrs. John Collins, of Sidney, was the guest yesterday of her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Dimond, of 132 west McKibben street.

Mrs. Andy Cunningham and two sons, of the south side, are visiting friends in Fremont.

Charles Keller, of south Central avenue, went to Hume this morning on business.

Exposition of Fine Clothing and Shoes.

Spring stocks are all in—prettier styles than ever. Prices within reach of everybody.

THE UNION Clothing and Shoe Co.

MILITARY

Spirit Was Strong in the Beckley Family.

Representatives of Three Generations Engaged in Important American Wars.

The following paragraph under the heading "Are Real Daughters," appeared in yesterday's Cincinnati Enquirer:

"Mrs. Phoebe Gainsford, of Metamoras, Penn.; Mrs. Catherine Bowden, of Stroudsburg, Penn., and Mrs. Lucinda Valentine, of Brooklyn, N. Y., aged respectively 95, 89 and 84, are "real daughters,, of the Revolution. Jabez Rockwell, their father, served in the Revolutionary War, and was at Valley Forge with Washington. These old ladies remember distinctly their father's accounts of the hardships of those trying times, and recount with pride that he was at Yorktown with Lafayette. Mrs. Bowden and Mrs. Valentine both do their own housework and Mrs. Gainsford is still able to read without glasses. Two of these ladies are members of the Valley Forge Chapter, D. A. R., and are the happy possessors of the golden memorial spoons which are given to all 'real daughters.'"

Mrs. Gainsford mentioned in the above paragraph is the mother of Mrs. J. P. Beckley, of Lima. Mrs. Bowden and Mrs. Valentine are Mrs. Gainsford's sisters. Mrs. Valentine is the mother of Mrs. Ed. Mott, whom many Lima people know.

Dr. Beckley and his wife are eligible to membership in the societies of Sons and Daughters of the Revolution. The above paragraph shows Mrs. Beckley credentials for membership while the doctor's grandfather was a colonel in the revolutionary army.

Doctor Beckley himself smelled powder freely during the civil war while his uncle served with distinction in the war with England in 1812. Thus in the three important wars in which this country has been engaged there has been a representative of Dr. Beckley's people.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

THE GREAT

Pan-American Exposition

BUFFALO, N. Y.

May to November, 1901.

Make arrangements now for your Summer Vacation, and join one os the

Special Low-Rate Personally Conducted Excursions

VIA THE

Lake Erie & Western R. R.

The Pioneer Niagara Falls Excursions Route.

Both Shows This Year for One Admission.

For full particulars, call on agents Lake Erie & Western R. R., or addressing

C. F. DALY,
General Passenger Agent,
Indianapolis, Ind.

Head-quarters FOR

Bone Dry

LUMBER

and Prices always the Lowest, at

THEO. FEIST'S,
316 East Market Street.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT GIVES ITS READERS THE NEWS EACH EVENING WHILE IT IS FRESH. THE "TRAILER" GIVES IT NEXT DAY, WHEN IT HAS BECOME STALE.

WANTED.

FOR RENT—House on West street, near High. Possession given April 1st. Inquire at once at Times-Democrat office. tf

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade, only eight weeks required. Have positions paying $15 weekly waiting graduates this spring. Comparatively little expense. Write Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 30-6t

LOST—From my wagon some place in Lima this forenoon, a sack containing a bushel of timothy seed. Finder will be rewarded for returning it to the Times Democrat office. 1t*

WANTED—A good horse for delivery wagon. Apply to The John W. Swan Co. 32-3t

PATHFINDER CIGARS

We positively assert that they contain Havana. Sold strictly under a guarantee. Try them. On sale at following places:

Ask the Man Behind the Case.

Albert Kock.
Pockel & Dennis.
Howard B. Hover.
Z. A. Crosson & Co.
Wm. Hohl.
A. Miller.
Marmon Drug Co.
D. S. Irwin.
Thos. Morrison.
The John Wheeler Grocery.
Wm. Melville.
A. J. Simons.
Eee Beeler.
Jas. S. Smith.
Negelspach Bros.
Samuel J. Fergerson.
H. Vortkamp.
Watson & Co.
Holliand & Thomas.
J. P. Lynde.
L. C. Townsend.

The Weideman Company,
Distributors.
CLEVELAND, O.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure—Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Tired and Nervous

It is easy to tell when your nerve-force and vital power are slipping away from you. When your day's work leaves you weary and exhausted; when you are so nervous, irritable and sleepless that your nights are passed in restless tossing; when you get up in the morning with no appetite for breakfast, and go around all day with a headache; you may be sure your nervous strength is being used up faster than it is being renewed.

"I was so run-down from neuralgia and LaGrippe that I was tired all the time and hardly had strength to walk across the room. Of course I could not do my work and I became greatly discouraged. A lady told me of Dr. Miles' Nervine and I sent for a bottle on trial. It helped me and I kept on using it and when I had taken two bottles I was able to attend to my household duties." MRS. PEARL BUSH. Holland, Mich.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

Gives the tortured nerves a rest, helps them regain their tone and steadiness, and is a speedy remedy for nervous troubles of every kind.

Sold by all druggists on a guarantee, Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

A VIVID IMAGINATION.

One of the Most Conspicuous Characteristics of the Persian.

The Persian's imagination is one of his strongest characteristics, and it has found full play in his religion. When he split with his Turkish brother over who should be successor to Mohammed he did it with the fanatical enthusiasm with which he does everything—except tell the truth. The offspring of Fatima were henceforth the sacred embodiments to him, and when the Turks and Arabs with almost equal fervor disposed of the imams of various methods of murder held to be polite in those days, the schism was complete. The gulf between Shiite and Sunnite was fixed for all time. It has never narrowed. To this day, in periods of stress between the sects, the Persian accounts it a greater virtue to have killed one Sunni than a whole company of Christians, and his conduct at all times, whether in war or business, shows at what value he holds the Christian. The cultivation of this religious tension, century after century, has wrought upon the Persian temperament like a corrosive acid. To the original formulae he has tacked on horrors and deprivation, hunger and laceration, enough to make an ordinary savage turn pale. I have seen gentlemen of Indian tribes, shaken by spiritual grief, cry like infants over the atonement service at the burning of the white dog, and listened to some touching ululations at ceremonial in the uplands of Mexico. Even the colored camp meeting has its tearful side; but the Persians' doings in memory of what happened to the imans make these seem like children's troubles.—Harper's Magazine.

STRIKES A RICH FIND.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H., No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Army Surgeon, Was a Woman.

"Murray Hall's" case has brought to mind the case of "Dr. James Barry," once inspector general of hospitals in the British army and a "C. B." This individual presented the appearance of a slightly built, dark-complexioned man, beardless and with abrupt manners. The doctor had a marked impatience with anything like contradiction, and his temper led to several duels, in which he came off best. The courage of the person was beyond question, but the voice was thin and feminine in tone. When "James Barry" died "he" left explicit directions that he should be buried "all standing" as he was when death came. These directions were disregarded, and it was learned that the medical schools had duly qualified and the British government had decorated and pensioned a distinguished medical officer who was a woman.—New York Press.

NIGHT WAS HER TERROR.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but when all other medicines failed, three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North streets.

Red-Haired Women Seated Free.

All red-haired women in the city were privileged to attend a Philadelphia theater free of charge last Friday. From 150 to 200 accepted the invitation and when they were all seated each red-whiskered comedian said he recognized his sister in the audience and poked fun at them.

WIFE MAKES A HOME.

Feminine Solution of a Pointed, Vexing Matrimonial Question.

Should a man make a home before he asks a woman to marry him, or should he marry first and let the home making follow the wedding? This is rather a nice social question and it is entertainingly discussed in J. P. Mowbray's article, "The Making of a Country Home," in Everybody's Magazine. Discussing the limitations and the helplessness of life in a flat under conditions that seem to prescribe a rise, John Denison says to his wife: "A man ought to reach his goal before he takes a wife, for the more he loves her the more of a handicap she is. Don't you see that?" "No; I don't see it at all." "But you understand that he will not take any risk when he is married; would rather plod securely than conquer at his peril. I ought to have made a home fit for such a wife as I have before I married her." Then she laughed one of her copious mellow laughs. "I think you have got that wrong, John, upon my word I do. Homes do not produce wives or lead up to them. It's just the other way, it seems to me. The wives produce the homes. Young men, as I understand it, think just about as much of making a home before they get a wife as they think about making a flying trip to the moon. Why, it would be just too ridiculous, John, to see a young man building a home and furnishing it, and then expecting a wife and baby to drop in because it's ready, as the wrens do. You know yourself you never would have had a home like this if you hadn't got married. How could you?"

A HORRIBLE OUTBREAK

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill, of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25 cents at H. F. Vortkamp's cor. Main and North streets.

No Vegetables Raised in Philippines.

Capt. A. S. Rowan, who is with his regiment on the island of Cebu, in the Philippines, has written to his home in Atchison, Kas., for lettuce, radish and onion seeds. The natives raise no vegetables. The soldiers have no fresh vegetables, except onions and potatoes, shipped from the United States. There are 12 companies of soldiers on Cebu. They are much scattered, occupying the coast towns, leaving no troops for campaigning. He writes that insurgents are as active as ever, killing, stealing, and plundering. He is the officer who carried dispatches from Gen. Miles to Gen. Garcia, who was in command of the Cuban insurgents at the breaking out of the Spanish-American war. He passed through the fleet of Spanish vessels, and crossed Cuba to the rebel camp. He returned safely with replies.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Trains Held Back by Head Winds.

The Burlington's Denver special, due to arrive in Denver at 6:20 last evening, says a recent edition of the Denver Times, was belated as the result of the terrific wind blowing on the plains, and reached the union depot about 1 o'clock this morning after the most tempestuous passage of any train this winter. Three engines were used in bringing the train over the last division from McCook to Denver. So fierce was the wind that it was almost a sandstorm, and the fine sand was driven into the bearings of the locomotive, despite any protection with waste and oil, so that the delay was occasioned by hot boxes chiefly, while along with other difficulties one of the engines broke down, and another was sent out from Sterling to bring the train through. Aside from the sandstorm, the wind was so strong that it was impossible for trains on the prairie lines to run on schedule time.

CHEAP INSURANCE.

Many a man has been insured against Bright's disease, diabetes, or other dangerous ailments by a fifty cent bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

CRUISER CHARACTERS.

Marine Officer Certifies to Correctness of These Tales.

The following products of a British cruiser's ward room have found a way into the Pall Mall Gazette. Their Scheherazade not being of the sex of the fair prevaricator of "Arabian Nights" fame, it has been necessary to audit the tales. This was done by a marine officer—aboard the ship at the time—who now certifies to their correctness. There was once a chief engineer, a patient man who had spent so many nights sitting by the bedside of an expiring boiler, which never expired, but kept on bursting blood vessels and getting a death rattle in its thousand throats, that he had become reconciled to knowing that he would be called upon to stop leaks at all hours of the day and night for the rest of his natural life. His only envy was the man who could sleep undisturbed through the whole night. This man was Bulstrode, chief engineer of another ship. One night the assistant engineer sent a man up to Bulstrode to report the gradual disappearance of the vacuum in the air pumps. Knocking at the chief's door, the man sang out, "Please, sir, the vacuum is decreasing." The answer came back in a drowsy voice: "All right. Report to me if it gets lower." Half an hour later the man again rapped at the door. "The vacuum is much lower, sir." "Very good. Tell me if it gets still lower." After another half an hour: "Mr. Bulstrode, the vacuum's gone, sir." "All right; report to me if it comes back." Not all sailormen, however, have Bulstrode's even temperament. There was a commander of a cruiser who was concentrated energy personified. He was the man who never slept. He was the bugbear of the crew, all and sundry, hence the point of McAlister's tale. McAlister was a boatswain who unexpectedly came into a small fortune, whereupon, quitting the service, he bought a snug little cottage as many miles away from salt water as it is possible for a man to get in England. When he was comfortably settled he employed a boy to come to his door every morning at half-past five, knock and say: "Please, sir, the commander wants you." Whereupon every morning the now free boatswain had the joy of singing out in his grandest voice: "Tell the commander to go to thunder."—Youth's Companion.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsey, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cents. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets. mch1-4m

Two Drinks for a Quarter.

A young man about town who thought he had seen the limit in strange happenings ran up against a new one last Monday night. He had drifted into a hotel bar for a drink and while standing at the bar an elderly man, very nicely dressed, and with every indication of prosperity, if not wealth, came in and ordered a drink of 15-cent whisky, inquiring at the same time if that brand were not sold at the rate of two drinks for a quarter. Upon receiving a reply in the affirmative the old chap produced a flask, laid down a quarter and asked the bartender to put the other drink in the bottle to take away with him. The bartender, dazed, did so without a word and the incident was closed.—Philadelphia Record.

TONSILINE
CURES
SORE THROAT

WE want to so impress upon your mind the above fact, that when you or yours have Sore Throat you will at once think of Tonsiline as the one cure which never fails. Sore Mouth, Croup and Quinsy are just as quickly cured by

TONSILINE

25C AND 50C. ALL DRUGGISTS.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

THE DAIRY

Drying Off Cows and Calving Time.

It is not unusual to find a cow which shows no inclination to dry off at any time after dropping her first or second calf. Such an animal shows an excellent dairy trait—persistence in the milking habit—but it is doubtful if continuous milking is profitable. Better results are believed to be obtained from cows which are inclined to take an annual rest, if not too long. A month is long enough; three weeks will do in most cases, and six weeks should be the longest time encouraged or allowed for a cow to be dry before calving. An accurate record of service by the bull is essential to preparations for drying off cows at the right time. A table should be kept of the dates when cows of the herd are successively due to calve, with notes as to the milking habit of every one. When time comes for drying off a cow, grain food should be gradually withdrawn. This may of itself cause milk to cease forming. If not, omit one milking a day, then milk but once in two days, and thus extend the drying period over two weeks. The udder must be watched, and if any hardening or unnatural heat is shown, regular milking must be resumed. If a cow continues to secrete milk it must be drawn. No cow should be forced to "go dry" against manifestly natural resistance to so doing. On the other hand, if an unpleasantly pungent or "smoky" taste appears in a cow's milk she may as well be dried at once regardless of dates, as her milk won't be good until she is fresh again. The dry cow may be kept on pasture alone, not too luxuriant, or on a low stable diet, mainly of coarse forage, until about two weeks before calving.

Yet the ration, while comparatively "wide," should be nutritious, and should include a share of succulent food—roots or silage. Then a slow but steady increase of feeding may proceed, of a nourishing, cool and laxative kind, so as to become narrower in ratio. Wheat bran is a good material to use at this time, but new-process linseed meal is better. Experience has led the writer to endeavor to have his cows calve on an upgrade, as it were, while daily gaining in strength and vigor, on a judiciously prepared, nourishing diet, but without high feeding or plethora.

A week before calving remove the cow to a roomy, comfortable, quiet box stall, preferably within hearing of the herd, if not in sight. Be sure the bowels are quite loose and moving quite freely for two days before calving. Watch for the event, but do not disturb the cow or interfere unless something goes wrong or assistance is manifestly necessary.—Farmer's Bulletin, No. 56.

Dairy Notes.

An Australian paper says that the farmers of Australia generally are ready to accept a system of government grading of butter such as is now being used in New Zealand and Victoria, in Australia. We believe this will be the ultimate conclusion arrived at by most of the farmers and dairymen that export butter, whether in the United States or in other countries. Governments must protect the trade that has been built up or is to be built up in dairy products. Every nation that has become a great and successful exporter of such products has had a sort of government supervision over the goods sent out. Some of our leading dairy experts and writers have urged the establishing in the great butter buying centers in this country of places where the butter shall be scored and tested. When we come to that point we may hope not only to secure more foreign trade for dairy products, but may hope for an enlargement at home.

* * *

It is evident that in no nation has butter-making been reduced to a science. Everywhere we find the methods in use very primitive, the best processes being only in the hands of men that are few in number. For example, we quote the remarks of a Russian paper on the methods of butter-making in that country: "If we wish to come out winners in this peaceable competition we must do away with our old-fashioned dairy ways, accompanied as they are with intolerable dirt everywhere and in everything, with miserable appliances, with perfect ignorance of the simplest manufacturing axioms, and with random and hand-to-mouth habits." A British consular agent in Siberia says that the dairy papers in that country contain similar articles. And we must acknowledge that we read parallel articles in almost every dairy paper that comes to us, whether from Australia, Ireland, France, Canada or the United States. It shows that bad methods are not confined to any one country or any one race of men.

Notice to Live Stock Associations.

W. E. Skinner, general manager of the International Live Stock Exposition, requests us to announce that the committees appointed by the various breeders' associations to confer with the management of the International Live Stock Exposition are called together to meet in Chicago Feb. 22 at the Transit House, Union Stock Yard, at 10 o'clock a. m., to transact such details as may come before them.

It is claimed that Canada furnishes over 40 per cent of the nickel of the world.

The Spring Cleaning of the Blood

Spring is nature's time for replenishing. The body is no exception to the general rule. After a long winter, when the supply of oxygen has been insufficient to do its purifying work, the blood is impoverished. With the coming of spring, nature tries to throw off the impurities. Sometimes nature succeeds — alone; but in most cases natural conditions only partially assert themselves and the impurities remain in the blood to do their work of destruction on the vital organs.

What the body needs is a medicine that will supply the properties to assist the natural conditions in asserting themselves. Such a medicine is

HAGEE'S CORDIAL

of Cod Liver Oil Compound

It not only thoroughly cleanses the blood, but feeds and strengthens it as well. It also aids the digestive functions, enabling the stomach to readily assimilate and distribute the food. It removes pimples, blotches and boils. It brings a ruddy hue to pale and sallow cheeks. It makes good, sound, healthy flesh.

HAGEE'S CORDIAL of Cod Liver Oil Compound contains all the good of the finest Norwegian Cod Liver Oil without the grease. The fishy taste and odor is removed. It is pleasant to the smell and acceptable to the most delicate stomach.

Try it once and you will be surprised at the results. Sold everywhere, $1.00 a bottle.

KATHARMON CHEMICAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Young Rockefeller's Advice.

J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., recently replied to a college acquaintance who wanted to come to New York to make a fortune: "If you can get any sort of work at home I would advise you to stay there and do it." He added that he did not think that the chances for poor young men were any better in New York than elsewhere and, indeed, often not so good.

Mr. J. W. Patterson, night police at Nashua, Ia., says: "In January I had a very bad cold on my lungs, and used half a dozen different cough medicines and prescriptions from two doctors, but grew worse all the time. I finally bought a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and after using two-thirds of it, I was entirely cured."

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

New Governor of Tayabas.

Colonel Cornelius Gardiner, who is to be governor of the province of Tayabas, in southern Luzon, is a native of Michigan and was graduated from West Point in 1873. As a lieutenant he fought with Miles in Indian territory, Kansas, Texas, Colorado and New Mexico from 1874 to 1880. He fought the Arapahoes and that northern Cheyennes and was adjutant of the column that raided the Cheyennes in Nebraska and Kansas before the battle of Republican river, at which Colonel Lewis was killed.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

is good for the children—they know it. Cures any cough. No fuss about it. Tired and worrying mothers have known about Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for over 50 years. Sore lungs and raw throats get well and stay well. It is good for delicate babies or strong men—it *cures*. Don't experiment—get a Doctor's prescription—get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Refuse Substitutes.

A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore, Md.
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Sick Headache. Trial, 25 for 6 cents, at dealers or by mail.

HE WANTS SOLITUDE.

Cable Operator Applies for a Lonely Position on the Pacific.

To live alone on a barren rock among the Midway islands in the Pacific is the strange ambition of Frank G. Hopewell, a cable operator, whose home was in New York. Mr. Hopewell gave up a position with a cable company in order to join a surveying party under Lieutenant Commander Pond, who will shortly leave San Francisco on the tug Iroquois for Honolulu, says the New York Journal. The party will make surveys and prepare charts of the route of the proposed Pacific cable. When the work is completed and the cable is laid there will be created the position of chief cable operator for the station to be established on the barren rock referred to. It is that position which Mr. Hopewell is desirous of obtaining. "There is still some question whether congress will," he said, "provide for the laying of the Pacific cable, even after the preparations already made and those that are going forward. Still, the cable will be laid, if not by the government, then by a private enterprise. So well founded is my belief that I have made application for the station on the Midway islands. And yet no one is authorized to make promises of positions. There will be two and perhaps three operators at the station, which will probably be located on what is known as Eastern island, the smaller of the two. I like comparative solitude and am not fond of strangers. I have lived all my life in a great city and now I want a change. I have never known what it was to enjoy absolute quiet. You must understand, of course, that I will not be cut off from communication with the world. On the contrary, I will always be in touch with everything that goes on everywhere. A cable operator always is."

"I had a running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. Jas. Forest of Chippewa Falls, Wis., "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve entirely cured it." No other salve so healing.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Reading Public in Michigan.

Mrs. Mary C. Spencer, state librarian of Michigan, says in a bulletin just issued that so far as she can learn the state named has a larger traveling-library circulation and a greater number of readers than any other state in which the plan has been adopted. An interesting circumstance is the increasing demand among young readers for works other than fiction.

Holland's Attraction Is Skating.

A tourist goes so far as to hint that it isn't Queen Wilhelmina's marriage, or its picture galleries, or its churches, or its sunsets, but it is its skating which is the greatest and most attractive point in Holland at the present time. Miles and miles, spinning along without a break, except here and there to clamber over a yard or two of dyke which separates one branch of canal from another, from town to town, almost from one end of the country to another. If your strength lasts you can whirl on over the infinite series of canals with which Holland is intersected, north, south, east and west. It is all straight-ahead skating in Holland, figures being practically unknown. The skate universally used is a wooden one with very long, shallow runners, curved at the tip to take the wearer well over obstacles, and fastened by an elaborate cross-gartering of straps. Steel skates are very rare.

REMARKABLE CURES OF RHEUMATISM.

From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, N. C.

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts afflicted and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night, and getting up free from pain. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp cor. Main and North streets.

In the Bowery.

There are in the Bowery barbershops at which one can get shaved for three cents. Bay rum costs an additional two cents, making five cents in all, at which price there begins to be something doing for the shop. There are plenty of places on the East Side, in the Bowery and elsewhere, in which one may be shaved for five cents. Generally in a five-cent shop a bay rum shave would be ten cents, but it is by no means always so. Witness a sign which announces, for five cents, an shave with witch hazel or bay rum. Sometimes one can get more than bay rum for ten cents, as is set forth in a sign announcing at that price a shave with bay rum and Florida water.—New York Sun.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Pittsb'g, Ft. Wayne & Chic'g Ry.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Eastward.

	21	5	15	41	39	35
	AM	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Chicago ar	†1 05	†7 00		†4 55		
Ft. Wayne "	3 25	9 30		6 30		
Crestline "	4 50	10 55	12 25	8 25		
Alliance "	5 40	11 45	1 21	9 15		
Akron "	6 10	12 15	1 50	9 45		
Cleveland "	6 37	12 41	2 14	10 12		
Buffalo "	8 45	2 40	4 20	12 01	PM	†7 00
Leetonia "					MIL—	7 12
Youngstown "					Tedo Sta.	7 28
Sandusky "	7 25	1 23	12 47		Wagner	7 59
Toledo "					Parlor	8 08
Deshler "					Buffet	8 35
Columbus "					Cars	9 45
Newark "						9 56
Zanesville "		2 00				10 50
Wheeling "						9 40
Bellaire "	5 36	2 25	1 49			10 03
Cadiz Jun. "						10 21
Steubenville "	9 03	2 51	2 12			10 34
Pittsburgh "	9 21	3 10	2 35			11 05
Leechburg "						11 15
Apollo "						11 25
Vandergrift "						11 35
Leechburg "						11 45
Saltsburg "						11 55
Derry "						12 15
Latrobe "						12 24
Greensburg "						12 35
Jeannette "						12 51
Pittsburgh "	10 10	4 00	3 25			1 15
Ft. Wayne ar	10 25	2 24	4 30			7 30
Chicago "	12 07	6 05	6 50			9 25
Ft. Wayne ar	7 15	7 05	6 50			8 24
Chicago "	2 50	8 45	7 40			9 15
	PM	PM	PM			PM

Westward.

	22	26	8	24	6	36
	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Chicago ar	†7 20	†12 00	†6 00	†11 40		
Ft. Wayne "	9 25	1 30	8 05	1 45		
Crestline "	10 37	2 35	9 10	3 05		
Akron "	11 16	3 11	9 50	3 57		
Alliance "	11 40	3 35	10 14	4 20		
Cleveland "	12 50	4 20	11 00	5 30	†7 00	†12 00
Buffalo "	†2 51				9 15	2 45
Leetonia "					7 11	11 37
Youngstown "	1 05		8 12	SEE NOTE	6 33	7 38
Sandusky "	1 16					7 48
Toledo "	1 20					7 55
Deshler "	1 45	5 21	8 33		4 30	8 01
Columbus "	1 50				4 52	8 12
Newark "	2 13	5 37	9 05		5 10	8 28
Zanesville "	2 29					8 41
Wheeling "	2 40	5 57	9 30	1 25	7 34	8 57
Bellaire "	2 03					9 20
Cadiz Jun. "	3 15		10 03		8 12	9 33
Steubenville "	3 25					9 43
Pittsburgh "	3 52				8 32	9 55
Leechburg "	4 05				8 45	10 08
Apollo "	4 15				8 55	10 18
Vandergrift "	4 25				9 05	10 28
Leechburg "	4 35				9 15	10 38
Saltsburg "	4 47					11 15
Derry "	5 05	7 57	11 45		10 10	11 30
Latrobe "	5 22	8 05	11 53		10 20	†5 AM
Greensburg "	5 45	8 35	12 15		10 40	
Jeannette "	7 03	9 55	1 25		12 03	
Pittsburgh "	7 25	10 22	1 55		1 20	
Ft. Wayne ar	9 15	1 40	3 35		3 22	1 35
Chicago "	9 00	11 10	3 10		5 05	2 15
Ft. Wayne ar	PM	1 40	5 50		8 30	5 30
Pittsburgh "		AM	AM		PM	

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 6, 15 and 41, as follows: Pullman Vestibule Dining and Sleeping Cars on Nos. 6 and 15 between Boston, Pittsburgh and Chicago, and Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars on Nos. 6, 15 and 41 between Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Nos. 15 and 41 carry passengers for points west of Pittsburgh.

Nos. 6 and 15 carry passengers between Pittsburgh and points west of Fort Wayne.

Nos. 6, 15 and 41 carry passengers between Pittsburgh and points west of Chicago.

Nos. 22 and 24 connect at Akron with Nos. 5 and 21 respectively for points west of Akron.

Nos. 8 and 26 connect at Akron with Nos. 7 and 35 respectively for points west of Akron.

Nos. 5 and 21 connect at Akron with Nos. 8 and 26 respectively for points west of Akron.

Nos. 7 and 35 connect at Akron with Nos. 22 and 24 respectively for points west of Akron.

Nos. 5 and 21 connect at Leetonia with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Leetonia.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Leetonia with Nos. 7 and 35 respectively for points west of Leetonia.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Leetonia with Nos. 5 and 21 respectively for points west of Leetonia.

Nos. 7 and 35 connect at Leetonia with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Leetonia.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Youngstown with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Youngstown.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Youngstown with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Youngstown.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Youngstown with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Youngstown.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Youngstown with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Youngstown.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Pittsburgh with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Pittsburgh.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Pittsburgh with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Pittsburgh.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Pittsburgh with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Pittsburgh.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Pittsburgh with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Pittsburgh.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Chicago with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Chicago.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Chicago with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Chicago.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Chicago with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Chicago.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Chicago with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Chicago.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Ft. Wayne with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Ft. Wayne.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Ft. Wayne with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Ft. Wayne.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Ft. Wayne with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Ft. Wayne.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Ft. Wayne with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Ft. Wayne.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Crestline with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Crestline.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Crestline with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Crestline.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Crestline with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Crestline.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Crestline with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Crestline.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Alliance with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Alliance.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Alliance with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Alliance.

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Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Akron with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Akron.

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Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Cleveland with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Cleveland.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Cleveland with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Cleveland.

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Nos. 15 and 41 connect at New York with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of New York.

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Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Philadelphia with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Philadelphia.

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Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Philadelphia with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Philadelphia.

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Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Washington with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Washington.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Washington with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Washington.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Washington with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Washington.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Washington with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Washington.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Baltimore with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Baltimore.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Baltimore with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Baltimore.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Baltimore with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Baltimore.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Baltimore with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Baltimore.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Washington with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Washington.

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Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Philadelphia with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Philadelphia.

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Nos. 15 and 41 connect at New York with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of New York.

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Nos. 1 and 3 connect at New York with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of New York.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at New York with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of New York.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Buffalo with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Buffalo.

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Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Buffalo with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Buffalo.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Buffalo with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Buffalo.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Cleveland with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Cleveland.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Cleveland with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Cleveland.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Cleveland with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Cleveland.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Cleveland with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Cleveland.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Akron with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Akron.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Akron with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Akron.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Akron with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Akron.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Akron with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Akron.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Alliance with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Alliance.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Alliance with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Alliance.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Alliance with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Alliance.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Alliance with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Alliance.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Crestline with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Crestline.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Crestline with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Crestline.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Crestline with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Crestline.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Crestline with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Crestline.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Ft. Wayne with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Ft. Wayne.

Nos. 6 and 36 connect at Ft. Wayne with Nos. 2 and 4 respectively for points west of Ft. Wayne.

Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Ft. Wayne with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Ft. Wayne.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Ft. Wayne with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Ft. Wayne.

Nos. 15 and 41 connect at Chicago with Nos. 1 and 3 respectively for points west of Chicago.

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Nos. 1 and 3 connect at Pittsburgh with Nos. 15 and 41 respectively for points west of Pittsburgh.

Nos. 2 and 4 connect at Pittsburgh with Nos. 6 and 36 respectively for points west of Pittsburgh

FARMS

Of Allen County Will be Brought Up Before State Board.

Valuations May be Increased

By That Body, Which Would be Rank Injustice. Meeting of Farmers at Auditor's Office Next Saturday Which All Should Attend.

The farmers of Allen county and all those persons who own any farm property in the county will be deeply interested in knowing that there is a movement on foot among the members of the State Board of Equalization to increase the valuation of the farming lands in this county.

When the arbitrary action was taken by the board some weeks ago whereby the large increase in city valuations was made, no increase was made in farm lands, but they were permitted to remain as returned by the local board.

The average value of Allen county farm lands is $23.75 per acre, which is much higher than that of contiguous counties, and instead of their being any addition to this valuation common justice would demand that it be reduced to an equality with that in adjoining counties. However, no request has been made for a reduction.

When in Columbus last week Auditor George Feltz heard that it was the intention to again bring up the matter of Allen county farm lands for the purpose of discussing the advisability of adding to their valuation. Mr. Feltz at once took up the matter with members of the State Board and had action on the subject deferred until Thursday, March 28th, at which time there will be a hearing of the Allen county case.

There will be a meeting of farmers interested in this important subject at Auditor Feltz's office next Saturday morning at ten o'clock which every owner of farm land in Allen county should attend. It should be borne in mind that if this increase is made by the State Board it will remain increased for ten years, during which time even a small advance in the valuation would make the increased tax to be paid by Allen county's farmers amount to many thousand of dollars.

The object of the meeting on Saturday is to discuss the subject thoroughly and to select a committee to go to Columbus and represent the farmers of Allen county at the meeting of the State Board of Equalization on March 28, when the subject of the proposed increase in Allen county's valuation will be disposed of.

SENATORIAL

Convention Will be Held at Defiance on May 22nd.

The members of the Senatorial committee of this the Thirty-second Senatorial district, met at the Marsh House in Van Wert at 2 o'clock this afternoon and decided that the next senatorial convention shall be held at Defiance on the twenty-second day of May. J. C. Ridenour, who is the Allen county member of the committee, was present at the meeting.

MOTHER

Of Mrs. Philip Albert Died Sunday Morning.

Funeral to be Held from South Side Church of Christ Tomorrow—Death of a Child.

Mrs. Susan Oatman, wife of J. W. Oatman and mother of Mrs. Philip Albert, died at her home on south Metcalf street at 4 o'clock Sunday morning from kidney trouble, after an illness of four weeks duration. The deceased was aged 45 years, 7 months and 1 day.

Funeral services will be held at the south side church of Christ at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning and interment will be made in Hartshorn cemetery.

Death of an Infant.

The ten months old son of Charles L. McKeeve, of east Bellfontaine avenue, died Saturday evening at 10 o'clock. The remains were taken to Berlin, Ohio, over the Ohio Southern railroad, for interment.

SERIOUSLY ILL.

Dr. Herrmann Suffering a Severe Attack of Uraemia.

Dr. S. S. Herrmann is seriously ill, suffering an attack of uraemia, a dangerous kidney disease which often proves fatal. He is somewhat better today than he was yesterday but is still in a critical condition. This is the second attack of the disease that Dr. Herrmann has suffered.

SIXTEEN

Tramps Locked Up by the Police Last Night.

One of Them Carried a Loaded Revolver—One Prisoner Fined Today for Drunkenness.

The south side was overrun by tramps last night and officers Seeds, Jackson, Sullivan, Bacome, Gardner, Armstrong and Goebel had their hands full keeping them out of mischief and landing them at the police station. Sixteen were arrested in the vicinity of the C. & E. railroad yards between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning and one was found to have a loaded revolver in his possession. Their cases have not yet been disposed of.

Guy Schafer, who was arrested Saturday afternoon for drunkenness, was fined $7.60.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A special communication of Garrett Wykoff lodge, No. 585, F. & A. M., will be held Tuesday, 19th, commencing at 3 o'clock p. m. Work in the M. M. degree.

W. K. BOONE, W. M.
E. H. JOHNS, Secy.

A special conclave of Shawnee Commandery, No. 14, K. T., will be held Wednesday evening, commencing at 7 o'clock. Work in the Temple.

F. A. ZIMMERMAN, E. C.
E. H. JOHNS, Rec.

OPEN

Door to a Public Library

Was the Topic

Of Dr. R. J. Thomson's Sermon.

First Fund for the Institution Was Collected After the Discussion,

And Well Wishers of the Project Are Now Earnestly Invited to Use Their Personal Influence.

The public library proposition was fairly launched last night from the pulpit, Rev. J. C. Thomson, of the Market street Presbyterian church, delivering a sermon on the subject, at the close of which the first collection to establish the basis of a library fund was taken up.

Considering the importance of the matter in hand, the attendance was far from what it should have been, but the prime movers in a problem of so great interest to the city were present to derive from Dr. Thompson's polished discourse the inspiration so necessary to the establishment of the long-delayed institution. Through them the reading public will be led by easy steps to the consummation of a desire which should be dear to the heart of every person who recognizes the true worth of a public library.

Dr. Thomson's lecture, for such it may worthily be called, emphasized the need of such an institution in every community and deplored the lack of energy that had so long deprived the youthful mind of so much necessary provender. From biblical times, through ancient, medieval and modern history he produced the great minds of the periods, and reviewed the historical incidents in their lives to show the effect that book lore had had in lifting them to the pinnacle of success.

The American people are the greatest readers, and the best informed as a nation in the world, was one of his conclusions, and the smell of fresh printers ink is one of the most gratifying odors that reaches the nostrils. There is a craving for news, for enlightenment, and the wholesome repast of good literature, and to contribute to that appetite is what the city and even the small villages are engaged in all over the country. The old butter woman who came in from a rural district and called for a copy of every almanac in the drug store, explaining that she was a great reader herself, is an example of that craving which is curtailed because of a lack of means to supply it; and the man who is apathetic when the subject of a public library is discussed, because, as he says, he has books at home that have never been read by his family, lacks the knowledge of what is necessary to the enlightenment of a mind stagnated because of being deprived of what it really needs in the line of literature.

Another good point advanced was the assurance that the open door of a public library would be an invitation to call the boys into a comfortable retreat, a cozy nook filled with the luxury of wholesome books, and thus turn him away from influences that would lead him into bad habits and bad company.

At the close of the address a collection was raised which produced a sufficient sum to establish a nucleus for the public library, and the rest of the work will be left to those who are earnestly engaged in the work of carrying the proposition to a point of completion. Other plans are under discussion which will no doubt swell the amount to something like the proper proportions, and then there will be suggested the operations which are necessary to awaken the substantial citizens to their individual responsibility.

As yet the public is somewhat in the dark, but the supporters of such a noble enterprise are not few, and their ranks will be joined gradually, as the subject becomes more and more familiar, until Lima in the end finally establishes the basis for an institution which is indispensible to the welfare of a city of her size and importance.

THEY

Seem to Have a Difference

On the Topic

Relating to Comparisons of the Two Fields.

Petroleum Gazette Takes Exceptions to a Problem from Findlay

And the Argument Calls forth Some Philosophy which is of Interest to the Local Oil Operators.

Oil Quotations.

Tiona	$1.45
Pennsylvania	1.30
Corning	1.13
New Castle	1.05
North Lima	.94
South Lima	.89
Indiana	.89

The Petroleum Gazette publishes a comment which appeared in the Findlay Republican recently and then proceeds to make some philosophic deductions which tend to dispute the trend of the Republican's oil reporter's argument. The subject matter will be found of interest to local oil men as it bears the heading "Lima vs. Pennsylvania Oil," and is on the same line of most of the Petroleum Gazette's articles, an attack on the Standard. It reads as follows:

Lewis Emery, Jr., president of the United States Pipe Line company, and Joe Evans, of the Devonian Oil company, are at Beaumont. Both companies have secured leases in that field, it is said, but will do little drilling until they can see a chance to market oil should they find it.

The United States pipe line will probably not try to compete for the product of Texas, as it pretends to deal only in "pure oil" from the best producers of Pennsylvania. The pure oil people fought the Trenton rock product to the farthest confines of civilization, and did it more harm in the markets of the world than a little. Against their preaching the Standard Oil company had to put up a huge fight. The fight, of course, was on its own account, and not for the producers' benefit; but it was no less a fight in their behalf. The acts of the "pure" fellows have not been forgotten. They have retracted in a measure and have sneaked into the fields, and are actually now producing oil here. They will undoubtedly do likewise in Texas, but they must be careful hereafter to tell the truth.

So says the Findlay, O., Republican. This is a mistake which the Lima oil producer is wont to make; that there is an enmity on the part of Pennsylvania producers, towards the Trenton rock product, and that the producers of the two grades of oil have no interests in common: it is the strife which the monopoly is particularly anxious to keep at the boiling point. What a mistake it is. The Lima oil producers are not now getting more than a fair fuel oil price for their oil; about half as much as the Canadian producers are paid for the same grade; yet they are getting within 40 cents a barrel of the price of the best Pennsylvania crude; they are getting nearly thirty cents a barrel more for their oil than the Pennsylvania producers were paid when they became exasperated and formed a combination to market their own oil, at the price which the world was willing to pay for it.

When the producers of white sand oil have forced up the price of their product, have the Ohio or Indiana producers ever suffered from it? Let us say they could force it to a prohibitively high figure. Would not that mean a turning to Lima oil, and consequently a better demand? The north Lima oil producers would certainly object if their oil were placed in the same grade as south Lima. Would that mean that the former were enemies of the latter? The Standard people simply used Lima oil as a club on the eastern producer, without giving the westerner anything for the cudgel. They drew on Lima stocks by the million of barrels each month, flooded foreign markets with cheap oils, incurred enmity for American oil abroad and many foreigners turned to Russia. Is it any wonder that the Pennsylvania producer felt impelled to market his own oil on its own merits? Our contemporary has got things considerably twisted.

A Big Company.

It is said that an immense combine has been formed of capital from Louisiana, Texas, Pennsylvania and Ohio for the purpose of making explorations in the state of Texas for oil. It is to be known as the International Oil and Gas company, with headquarters at Houston, Texas. The lands controlled by the new syndicate lie in the southwestern part of Louisiana and southwestern Texas. The capital is placed at $3,000,000, fully paid. A. J. Mercer, of Marietta, Ohio, was the instigator of this enterprise. With him are many strange names, such as W. B. Chew, banker, of Houston; James A. Barker, jr., and J. C. Hutchinson, lawyers, of Houston. The names of the Philadelphia parties are not given.

THOMSON DRY GOODS COMPANY.

1584 PAIRS OF LACE CURTAINS.

The keynote of this week's business as sounded today, is Lace Curtains.

Look at the store front—Every window is Lace Curtains.

Visit our Lace Curtain Department and we will show you more Lace Curtains than you could ever find in any three stores in the city of Lima at one time—count 1584 pairs—no less than 132 styles.

Nottingham, Brussels, White Irish Point, Swiss Net, Ruffled Net Curtains and Muslin Curtains.

Since the import order for these Lace Curtains was placed prices have advanced nearly twenty-five per cent.

This and more we shall save the housewife who is sufficiently shrewd to provide for the needs of spring this week—a reward for an early thought for the household demands of spring.

If new curtains are not needed until fall, no investment will bring so large returns as Lace Curtains bought here between now and next Saturday night.

We present a brief list, but price figures only do half justice to the money saving feature of the event; we haven't based their worth on cost today, but cost before the advance in prices. Add nearly twenty five per cent to the difference in value and you will come nearer to showing the true advantage to you of this Lace Curtain week here.

Nottinghan Curtains.

48c Curtains for	38c a pair
65c Curtains for	50c a pair
89c Curtains for	70c a pair
98c Curtains for	79c a pair
$1.10 Curtains for	88c a pair
1.15 Curtains for	95c a pair
1.25 Curtains for	$1.00 a pair
1.39 Curtains for	1.15 a pair
1.65 Curtains for	1.25 a pair
1.75 Curtains for	1.39 a pair
2.00 Curtains for	1.50 a pair
2.25 Curtains for	1.75 a pair
2.85 Curtains for	2.00 a pair
3.00 Curtains for	2.25 a pair
3.48 Curtains for	2.50 a pair
4.25 Curtains for	3.50 a pair

Swiss Net Curtains.

$4.00 Curtains for	$2.98 a pair
5.00 Curtains for	3.50 a pair
5.50 Curtains for	3.75 a pair
6.00 Curtains for	3.98 a pair

Brussels Curtains.

$6.00 Curtains for	$4.00 a pair
6.50 Curtains for	4.50 a pair
7.25 Curtains for	5.50 a pair

White Irish Point Curtains.

$6.50 Curtains for	$5.00 a pair
7.50 Curtains for	6.00 a pair
8.25 Curtains for	6 50 a pair
9.00 Curtains for	7.00 a pair
10.50 Curtains for	7.50 a pair

Ruffled Net Curtains.

$2.75 Curtains for	$2.00 a pair
3.75 Curtains for	3.00 a pair
4.25 Curtains for	3.50 a pair
5.00 Curtains for	3.95 a pair
7.00 Curtains for	5.00 a pair

Ruffled Muslin Curtains.

69c Curtains for	50c a pair
98c Curtains for	75c a pair
$1.10 Curtains for	89c a pair
1.69 Curtains for	$1.25 a pair

Thomson Dry Goods Co.,

233-235 Main Street, North.

THE IDLER.

The ladies of the Congregational church will meet with Mrs. A. S. Bower, tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock prompt.

* * *

The Findlay Courier is all puffed up over the victory won by Biz Mackey over Medad Talbot, and draws the unwarranted conclusion that Kid Boop would also be an easy victim. The sporting editor of that paper says:

"Talbot had far the best of the argument in weight and reach, both of which are such important factors in a boxing match, but Mackey was there with cleverness that never for even a minute left the outcome of the contest in doubt. He was at his best and if Boop had only been on hand what he would have got done to him would have been a plenty. Mackey was here, there and everywhere, landing at will and evading danger, with the alacrity of an old-time ring general. His work was fast, furious and marvelous and won for him the plaudits of the assemblage."

* * *

There will be a meeting of the Women's Relief Corp tomorrow evening.

* * *

The Auld Lang Syne circle will meet at the residence of Rev. W. H. Leatherman, 735 south Elizabeth, tonight.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Will W. Dutton, of Boston, Mass., are happy over the arrival of a son, who came to their home recently. Mr. Dutton is a former Lima young man and his many friends here will be pleased to know he is very pleasantly located in Boston. His wife is one of Detroit's fairest young ladies.

* * *

The Spinet club has postponed its meeting for this week.

* * *

Rev. George Brown, the young Presbyterian minister, who recently accepted charge of the Monticello and Salem churches in this county, has proven himself to be the right man in the right place. Since his short pastorate twelve new names have been added to the membership of each church.

* * *

The ladies of the U. V. R. U. are requested to meet at their hall, Tuesday, at 2 o'clock p. m. Business of importance to be discussed.

AMELIA COON, Pres.

* * *

Property owners of east High street please meet at the office of Leete & Brotherton, Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock, to prepare for the case Friday.

COMMITTEE.

* * *

The lecture to be given at Trinity church tomorrow night, has been postponed and will be given as the last lecture of the course.

K. O. T. M. NOTICE.

The regular review of Petroleum Tent No. 422 will be held tonight. There will be an election of a delegate to the district convention and other business of importance to transact.

Faurot Opera House

Tuesday, Mar. 19.

The Fashionable Dramatic Event.
The Distinguished Romantic Actor.

MR. ANDREW

ROBSON,

In Chas. Coghlan's Famous Play,

THE ROYAL BOX.

Under the Personal Direction of Edward L. Bloom.
Presented with Elaborate Care.
A Perfect Cast.
Brilliant Costumic and Magnificant Scenic Investiture.
Carriages may be ordered for 10:40.
Price 50c to $1.00.

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